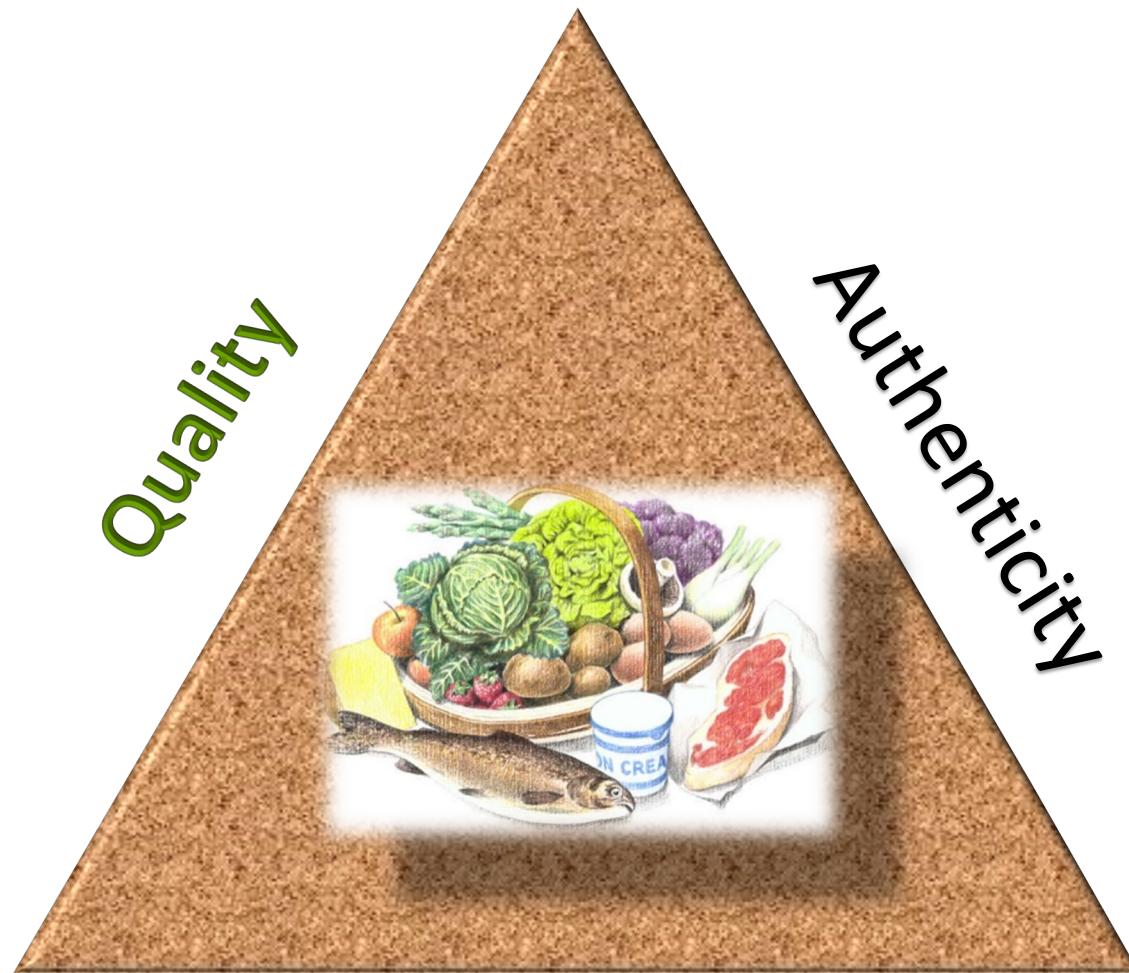


Possibility to integrate analysis of pesticide residues, mycotoxins and plant alkaloids in a single multi-analyte / multi-matrix method

Jana Hajšlová, Zbyněk Džuman, Vladimír Kocourek



KEY RESEARCH FOCUS: FOOD INTEGRITY



SAFETY

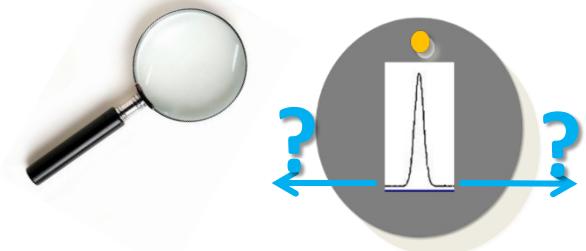
'COCKTAILS' of food contaminants (?)

Commodity	meat	cereals	nuts & seed	fats & oils	fish	milk & eggs	tee coffee	vegetable	fruit	herbs	hone y
HAZARD											
natural toxins		+			+++	+	+	+			++
mycotoxins	+++	+++				++	+	+	++	+++	
industrial pollutants											
toxic metals	++	+		+	+++	++	+	++	+	+	+
pesticide residues	+	++	++	+		++	+	+++	+++	+++	++
veterinary drug residues	++	+	+		+	+++	+			+	+
migrants from plastics	+			+							
process contaminant		++		++	+		++				

Complementary analytical strategies

'CLASSIC' APPROACH

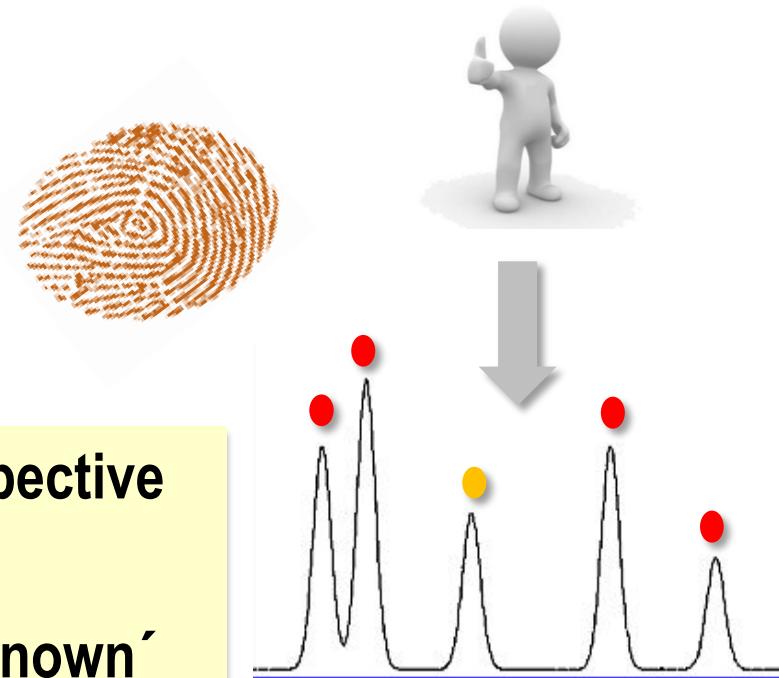
A set of physico-chemical and/or biochemical measurements → **TARGET ANALYSIS** of one or few quality / safety markers



CURRENT STRATEGY

Metabolomic fingerprinting

→ **NON TARGET SCREENING**



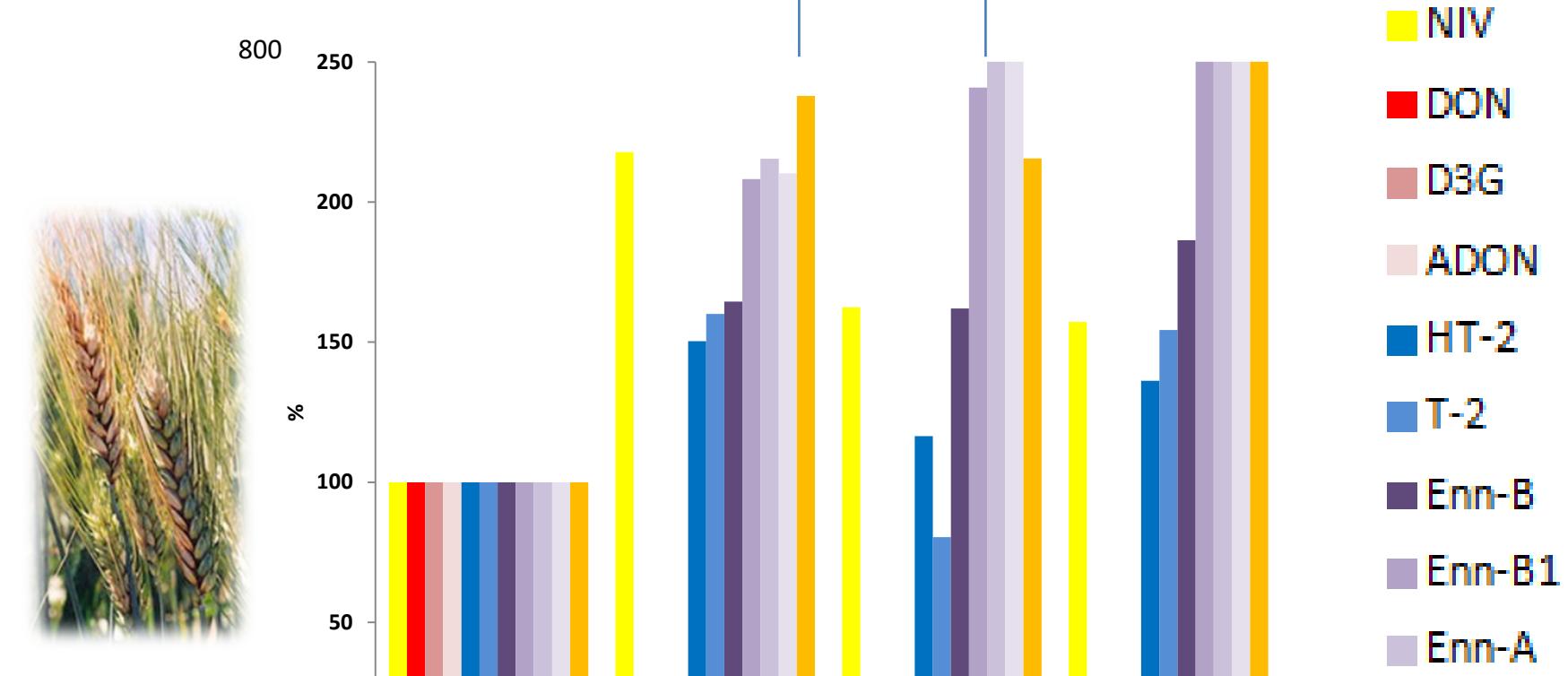
- Comprehensive characterization of respective matrix (sample components pattern)
- detection or even identification of 'unknown' metabolites / contaminants (even retrospective)

Changing food safety issues with changing climate



Unexpected problems might be faced....

eliminating DON producers results in high overgrowing of producers of enniatins, T-2/HT-2, NIV and other in barley



untreated (1) – no fungicide

treated (2) - prothioconazole, spiroxamin a tebuconazole + tebuconazole a bixafen

treated (3) - prothioconazole, spiroxamin a tebuconazole + prothioconazole a tebuconazole

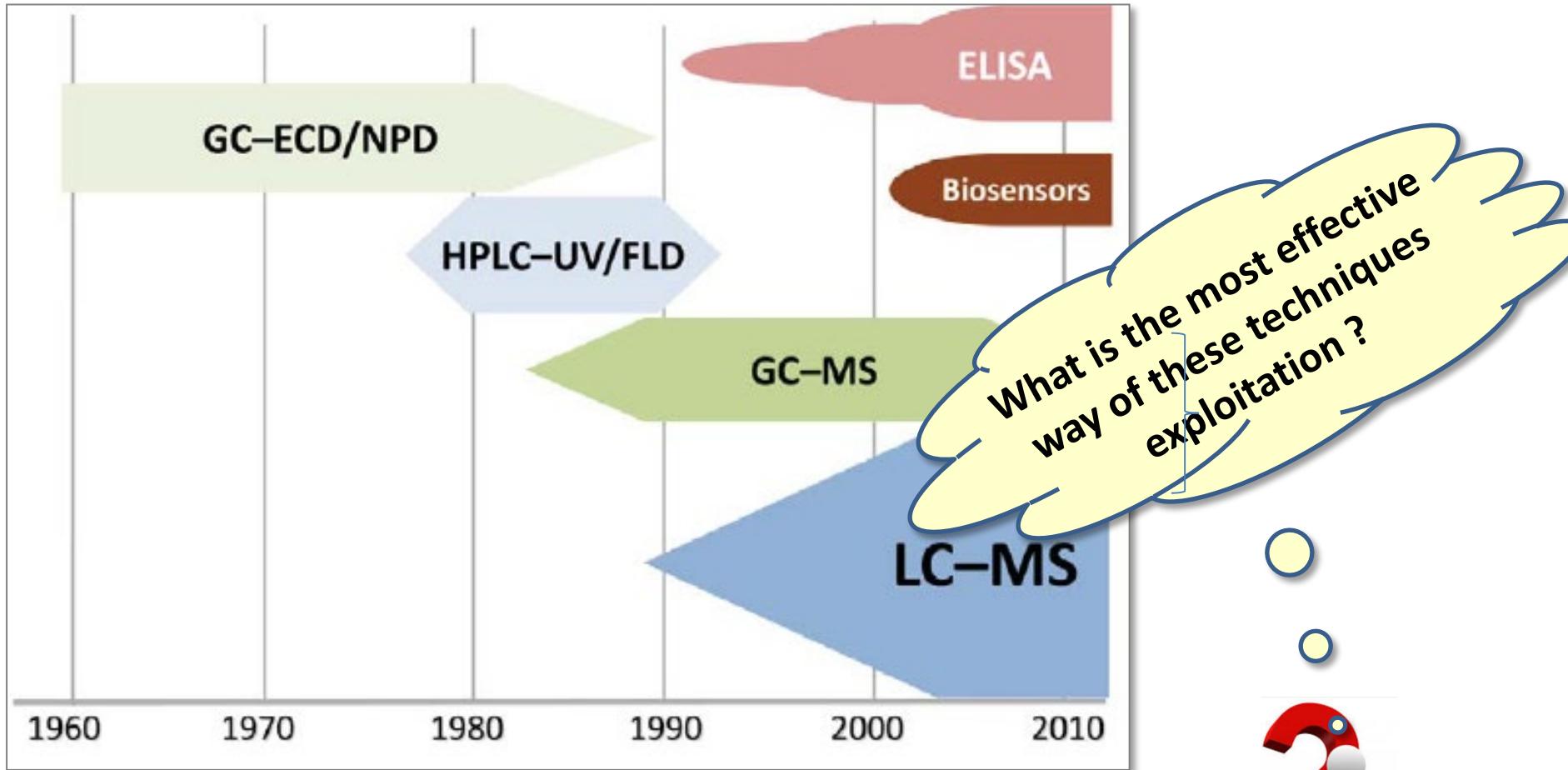
treated (4) - variant (2) with differing application dates as compared to (3)

MULTIPLE GROUPS OF CONTAMINANTS MAY OCCUR IN FOOD / FEEDS.....

→ implementation of multi-analyte / multi-matrix methods may increase the laboratory throughput and lower the analysis cost



TIME TRENDS IN FOOD CONTMINANTS ANALYSIS



Multiple contaminants analysis (sample prep)

Journal of Chromatography A, 1262 (2012) 8–1



Contents lists available at SciVerse ScienceDirect

Journal of Chromatography A

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/chroma



Critical assessment of extraction methods for the simultaneous determination of pesticide residues and mycotoxins in fruits, cereals, spices and oil seeds employing ultra-high performance liquid chromatography-tandem mass spectrometry

Ondrej Lacina, Milena Zachariasova, Jana Urbanova, Marta Vaclavikova, Tomas Cajka, Jana Hajslova *

METHOD

- A – aqueous acetonitrile extraction followed by partition (QuEChERS-like method)
- B – aqueous acetonitrile extraction
- C – *pure acetonitrile extraction (?)*

ANALYTES

- 288 pesticides (including ‘troublesome’ acidic, basic and base-sensitive compounds)
- 38 mycotoxins (including all EU regulated ones and many ‘emerging’ toxins on the EFSA list)

apple baby food, wheat flour, spices and sunflower seeds,

MATRICES

Multiple contaminants analysis (HRMS/MS)



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Analytica Chimica Acta

ELSEVIER

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/aca



Multi-analyte high performance liquid chromatography coupled to high resolution tandem mass spectrometry method for control of pesticide residues, mycotoxins, and pyrrolizidine alkaloids



Zbynek Dzuman ^a, Milena Zachariasova ^{a,*}, Zdenka Veprikova ^a, Michal Godula ^b,
Jana Hajslova ^a
ACA 863 (2015) 29–40

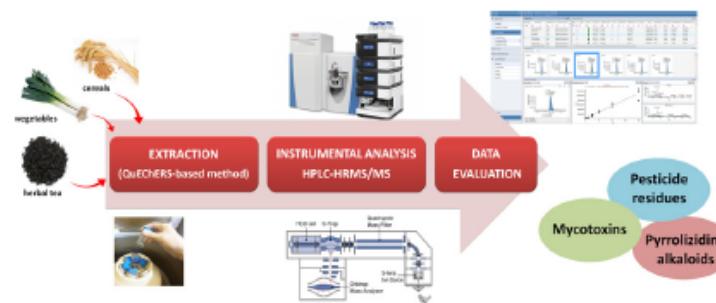
^a University of Chemistry and Technology, Prague, Technicka 3, Prague 6, 16628, Czech Republic

^b Thermo Scientific, Slunecna 27, Prague 10, 10000, Czech Republic

HIGHLIGHTS

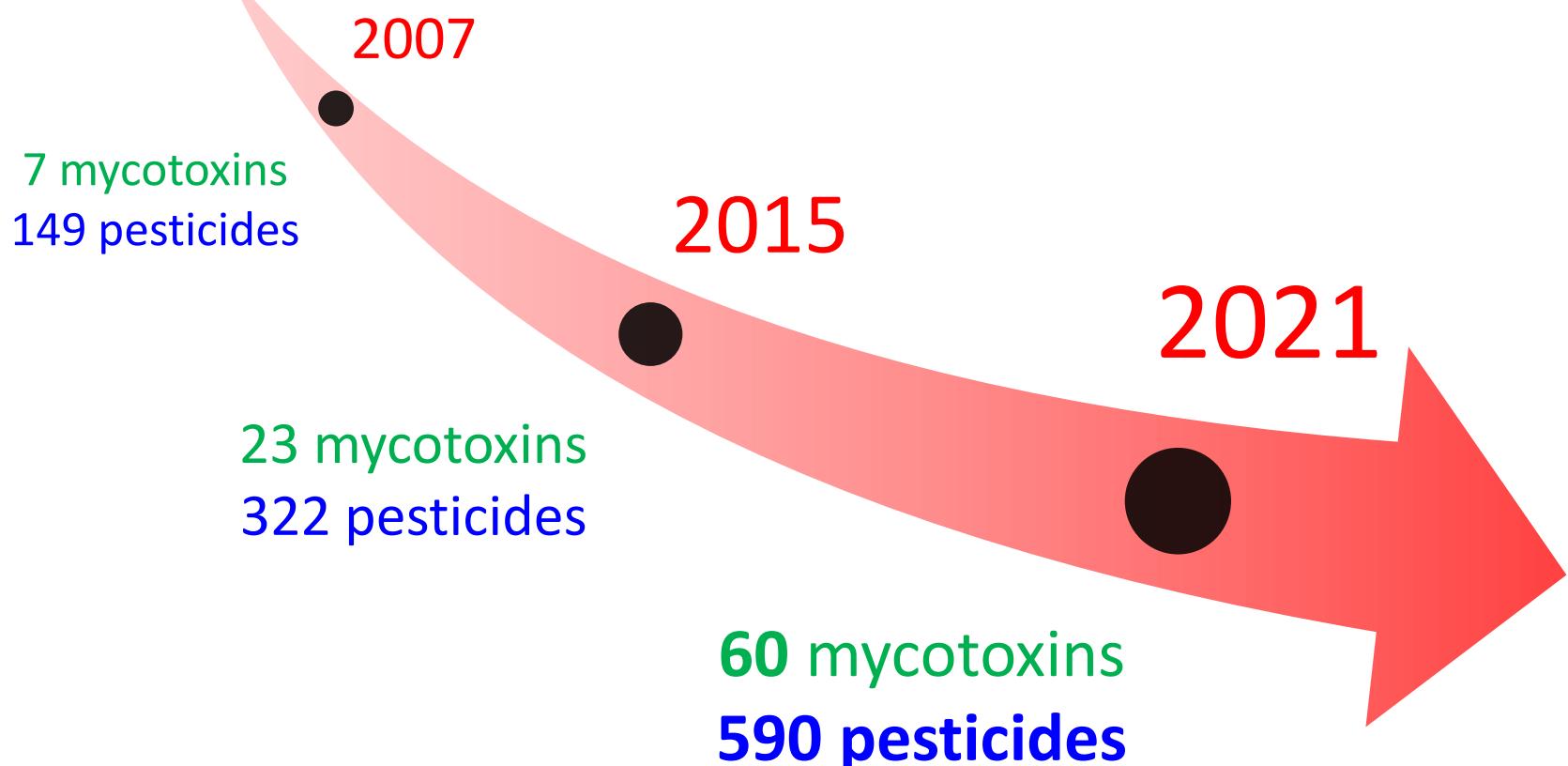
- HPLC-HRMS/MS method for analysis of 389 multi-class food contaminants was developed.
- The employed core-shell analytical column showed very good separation efficiency.
- Validation for matrices wheat, leek, and tea was performed.
- Recoveries and limits of quantification complied with the EU legislation.
- The mass spectral library of fragment ions in high resolution was created.

GRAPHICAL ABSTRACT



Mycotoxins and pesticides we have in the scope (LC-HRMS/MS accredited method)

- Determination of mycotoxins and pesticide residues at UCT using liquid chromatography coupled with mass spectrometry.



Analytical strategy

- Currently, the most frequently used techniques are LC–MS (mycotoxins) and LC/GC–MS (pesticide residues)
 - Detection typically realized using mass spectrometers equipped with unit resolution analyzers
 - Potential of **high resolution tandem mass spectrometry** exploited
 - **Analysis of complex samples** (spices, tea, dietary supplements, etc.)
 - **Retrospective data analysis**
 - **Targeted screening**
- Limitation: acquisition of voluminous data,
data processing (powerful PC), data storage*



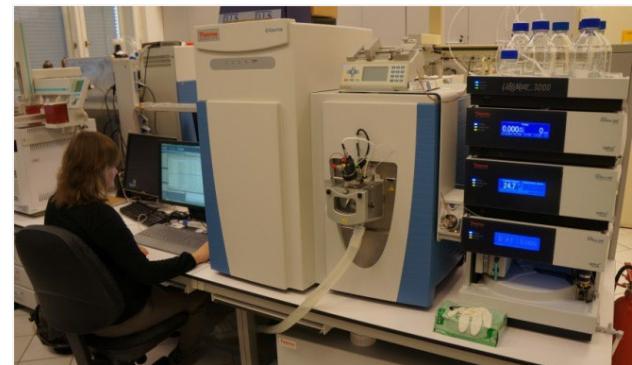
Analytical flow-chart

Sample

➤ 1 g of dry sample

Extraction (QuEChERS-like method)

- (i) 30 min soaking (10 mL 0.2% formic acid in water) + 30 min extraction (10 mL MeCN)
- (ii) addition of 4 g MgSO₄ and 1 g NaCl; 2 min shaking; centrifugation (10,000 RPM, 5 min)
- (iii) clean-up: 5 mL of organic phase for 2h at -20°C (freezer)
- (iv) transfer of 1 mL into an amber vial



U-HPLC-HRMS/MS screening

Separate methods in ESI+/- using different mobile phases
ESI+: 5 mM ammonium formate + MeOH (0.2% HCOOH)
ESI-: 5 mM ammonium acetate + MeOH

◀ Quantification strategy:
external matrix-matched calibration

Analyte group	LOQ [µg/kg]	Recovery [%]
Pesticides	1 – 1,000	59 – 116
Mycotoxins	1 – 2,000	71 – 111
Pyrrolizidine alkaloids	1 – 20	72 – 94

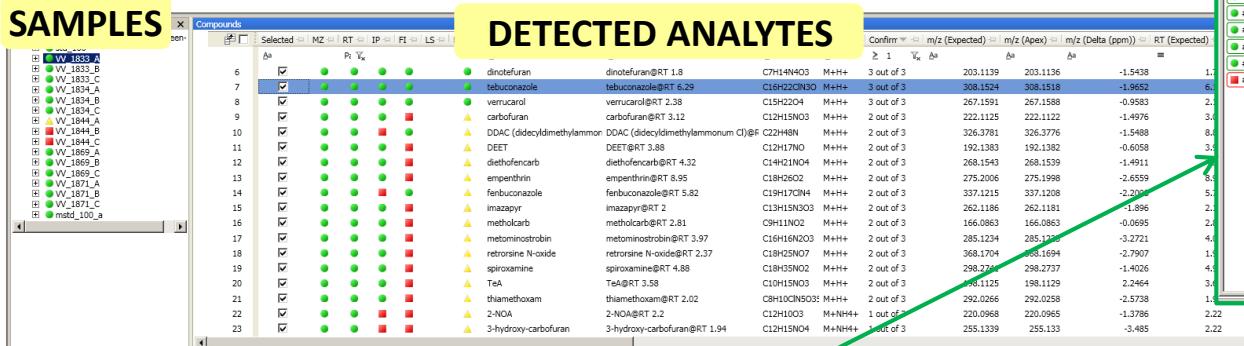


PERFORMANCE
CHARACTERISTICS ➤

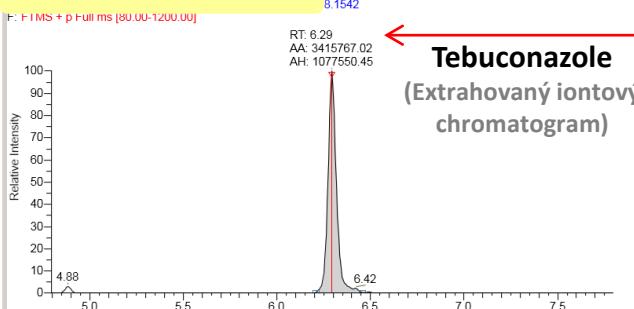
Data processing

Thermo
SCIENTIFIC

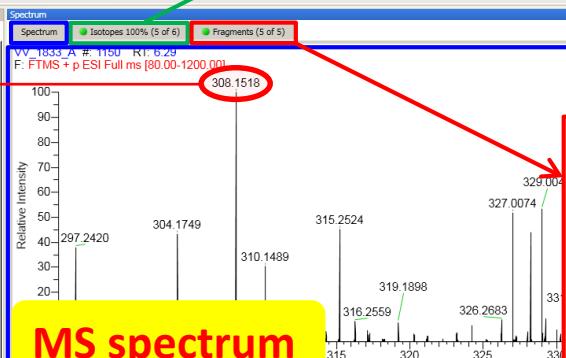
SAMPLES



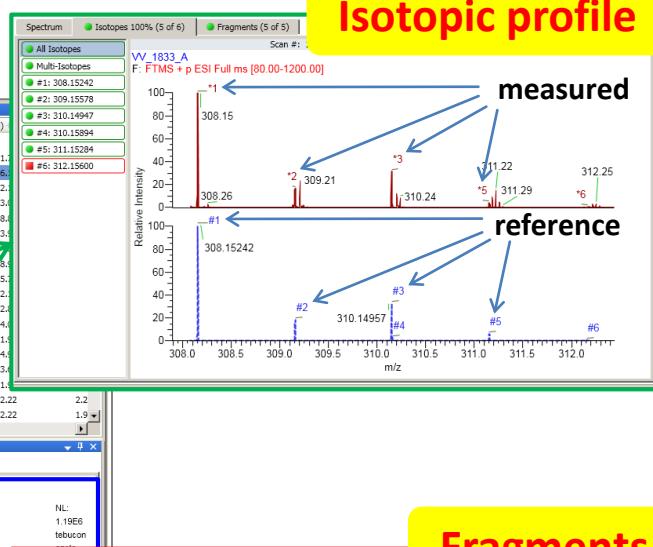
CHROMATOGRAM



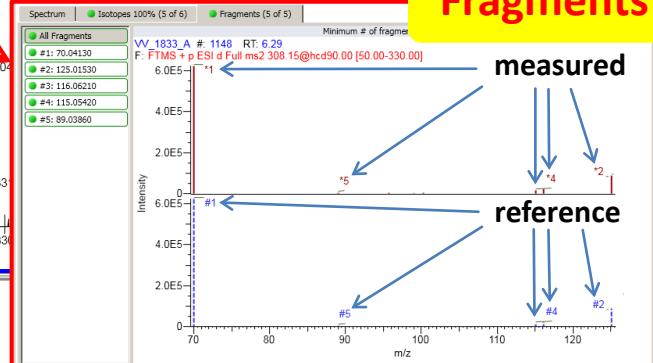
MS spectrum



Isotopic profile



Fragments



FOOD SUPPLEMENTS

*And what about
contamination
issue....*



Samples involved in the validation study



NO.	SAMPLE	PRODUCER	SAMPLE TYPE	PACKING
1	Herbal tea for immune support	Fytopharma	tea blend	20 x 1.5g
2	Tea blend for liver support	MEGAFYT PHARMA	tea blend	20 x 1.5g
3	St. John's wort	LEROS	tea blend	20 x 1.5g
4	Renal tea blend with cranberries	MEGAFYT PHARMA	tea blend	20 x 1.5g
5	Hepatic herbal tea	Valdemar Grešík - NATURA	tea blend	50 g
6	MEGAFYT tea from elderberry flower	MEGAFYT PHARMA	tea blend	20 x 1.5g
7	MEGAFYT children's tea blend	MEGAFYT PHARMA	tea blend	
8	MEGAFYT urologic tea blend	MEGAFYT PHARMA	tea blend	
9	MEGAFYT gall tea blend	MEGAFYT PHARMA	tea blend	
10	MEGAFYT stomach tea blend	MEGAFYT PHARMA	tea blend	
11	MEGAFYT sage leaves			
12	MEGAFYT agrimony			
13	LEROS ALVISAN			
14	LEROS REDLINE			
15	LEROS ERIC			
16	LEROS D			
17	LEROS S			
18	LEROS SPE			
19	LEROS THÉ SAL			
20	LEROS STOMARAN			
21	LEROS URCYSTON urinary tract disease			
22	LEROS SPECIES NERVINAE for sleep			
23	LEROS TORMENTAN diarrhea	LEROS	tea blend	20 x 1.5 g

Terpenoids, polyphenols
(catechins, phenolic acids,
flavonoids...), organic acids

Wide range of matrices

NO.	SAMPLE	PRODUCER		
24	Apotheke Bio	Apotheke		150 g
25	HERBALMED Dr.Weiss			
26	Milk thistle mixture			
27	Revital ginkgo biloba			
28	Redukta Gen			
29	Liver detoxif			
30	Linovorm			
31	Silymar Plus			
32	YUCCA SCHIDIGERA			
33	YUCCA SCHIDIGERA 98,5%	HEMPEL		
34	Farmax milk thistle	SVUS Pharma	pills	30 g
35	HERBALMED capsules	Simply You Pharmaceuticals, SWISS	pills	27,7 g
36	Milk thistle capsules	Róbert Hrabčák - ZEUS	capsules	60 g
37	GS Echinacea forte 600	Green-Swan Pharmaceuticals CR, a.s.	pills	30 g
38	ROWATINEX	ROWA Pharmaceuticals Limited	capsules	10 ml
39	ROWACHOL	ROWA Pharmaceuticals Limited	capsules	10 ml
40	MENOFEM	BIONORICA SE	pills	60 tablet
41	Colpermin	Alliance Healthcare	capsules	20 tobolek
42	Broncipret thyme and primrose	BIONORICA SE	pills	20 tablet

Phytoestrogens,
silymarin, antioxidants,

HERBAL TEAS
(23 samples)

LIQUID SAMPLES
(42 samples)

Oils (triacylglycerols,
fatty acids)

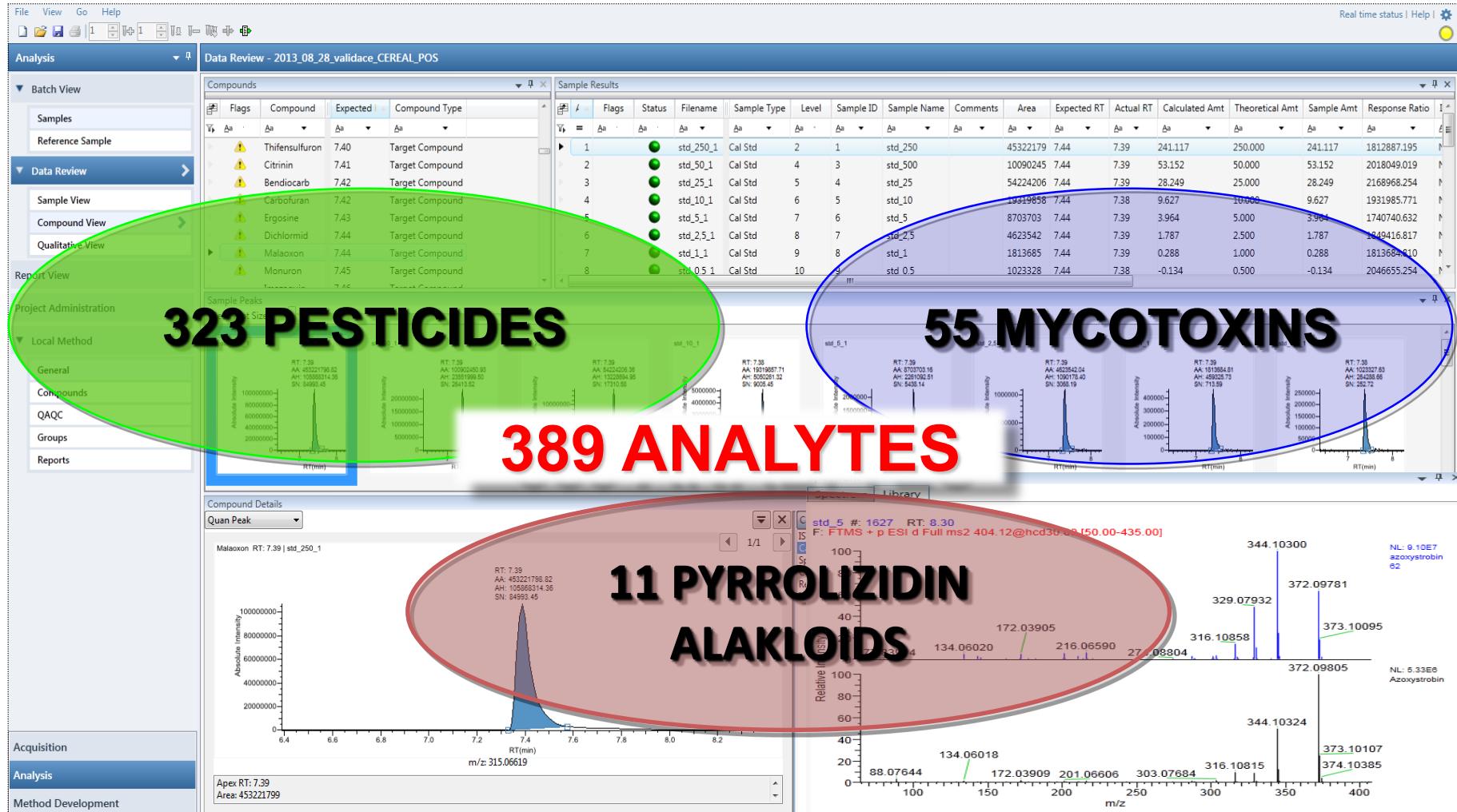
CAPSULES
(19 samples)

NO.	SAMPLE	PRODUCER	SAMPLE TYPE	PACKING
43	Echinaceové drops galmed	Biomedica	herbal drops	50 ml
44	TOPVET purple coneflower	Dr. Jiří Pantůček	herbal drops	100 ml
45	Imunit Echinacea drops	Simply You Pharmaceuticals	herbal drops	50 ml + 10 ml
46	Valerian drops	MVDr. Jiří Pantůček	herbal drops	50 ml
47	Herbal drops GINKGO biloba	Hana Tajdušová	herbal drops	35 ml
48	Tropaeolum majus	Herba Vitalis	herbal drops	40 ml
	Kräutertropfen Forte	Dr. Theiss Naturwaren GmbH	herbal drops	50 ml
	Calendula	Valdemar Grešík - NATURA	herbal drops	50 ml
	Underberg	Underberg GmbH & Co.KG	herbal drops	20 ml
	Herba Vitalis	Herba Vitalis	herbal drops	40 ml
	Petr Gasparik	Dr. Theiss Naturwaren GmbH	herbal drops	50 ml
	STEIGERWALD	STEIGERWALD	herbal drops	20 ml
	DIAVITA	Czech Industries	herbal drops	50 ml
	ca SE	ca SE	herbal drops	25 ml
	ca SE	ca SE	herbal drops	50 ml
	Klosterfrau	Klosterfrau	herbal drops	95 ml
			herbal drops	100 ml
65	Mucoplant	Dr. Theiss Schweden Bitter	herbal drops	250 ml
66	Silvanbio	Steigerwald	herbal drops	50 ml
70	STOPKASEL drops		herbal drops	100 ml + 50 ml
71	Plantain drops		herbal drops	150 g
72	VĚTRANKA herbal drops		herbal drops	108 g
80	PROPSAN	YTONA	herbal drops	25 ml
81	Original Schweden Bitter	T-STRING Pardubice, DIAVITA	herbal drops	100 ml
82	Dr. Theiss Mucoplant drops with plantain and honey	PURUS-MEDA	herbal drops	50 ml
83	Bronchipret ivy and thyme	BIOMEDICA	herbal drops	100 ml
84	Hedelix	SANDOZ, Lek Pharmaceuticals d.d.	herbal drops	50 ml
		Krewel Meuselbach GmbH	herbal drops	20 ml
		Dr. Willmar Schwabe	herbal drops	20 ml
		LABORATOIRES BOIRON	herbal drops	200 ml
		Teva Czech Industries	herbal drops	100 ml
		ENGELHARD ARZNEIMITTEL	herbal drops	100 ml
		RIVIERA Handsges m.b.H.	herbal drops	200 ml
		Dr. Theiss Naturwaren GmbH	herbal drops	100 ml
		BIONORICA SE	herbal drops	50 ml
		Krewel Meuselbach GmbH	herbal drops	100 ml



Analytes on the list, HR MS/MS database established

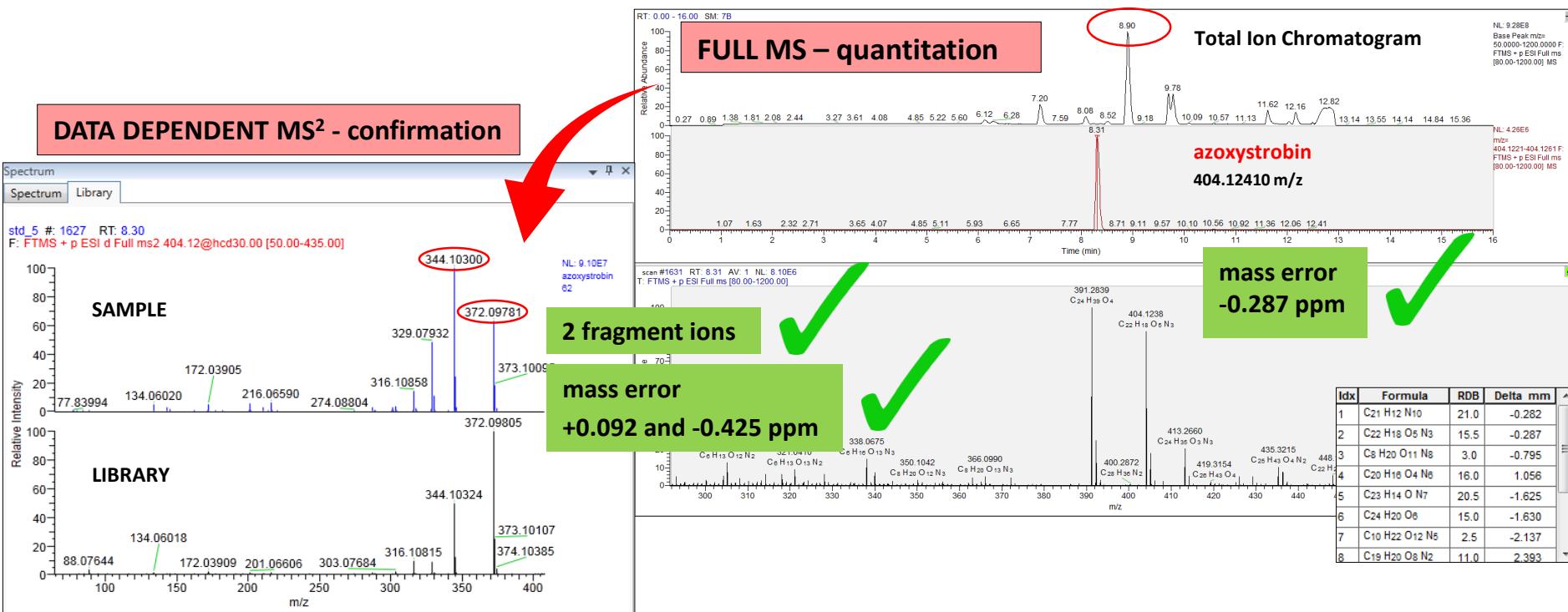
Thermo Trace Finder™ software



METHOD VALIDATION

- Two conceivable fragment ions were identified for 80.5% of target analytes
- All remaining analytes were confirmed by detection of at least 1 highly accurate (< 5 ppm) fragment ion

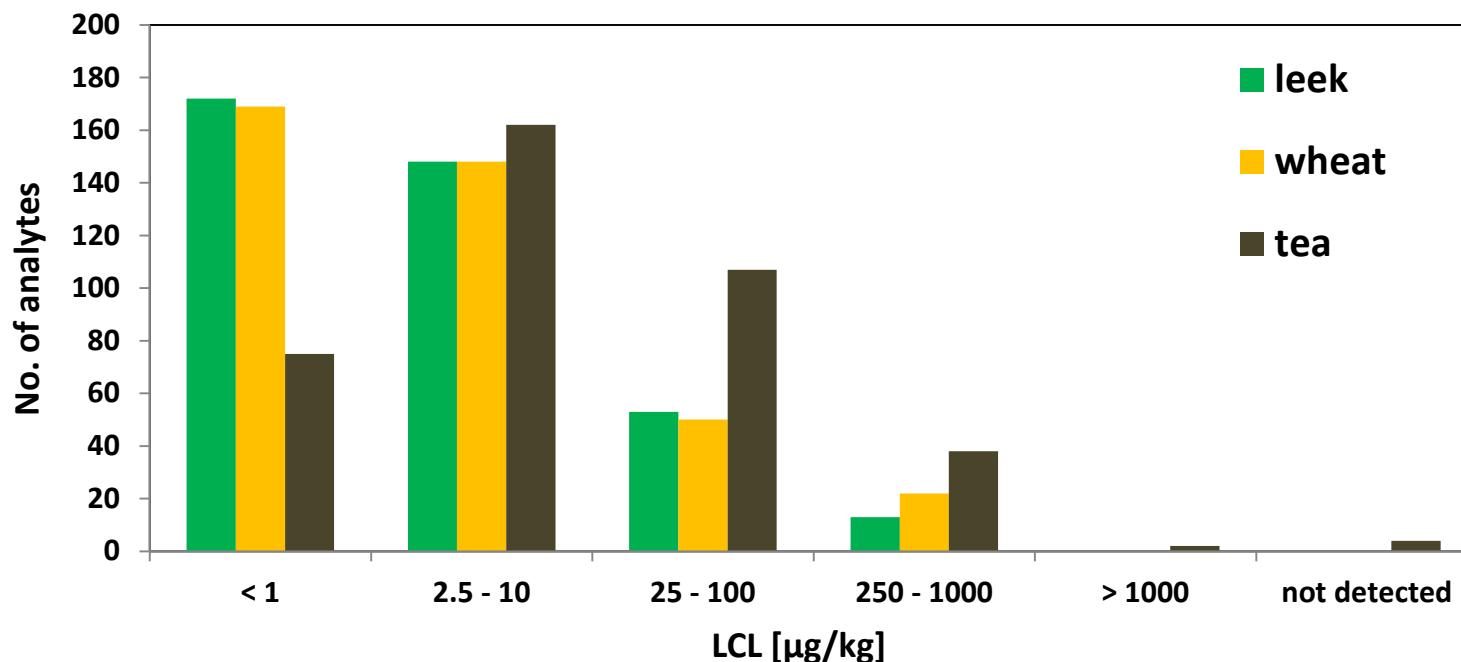
Example of chromatogram of azoxystrobin in contaminated sample



PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

■ Limits of quantification:

Method was validated for **herbal supplement** and also for matrices **wheat and leek**.

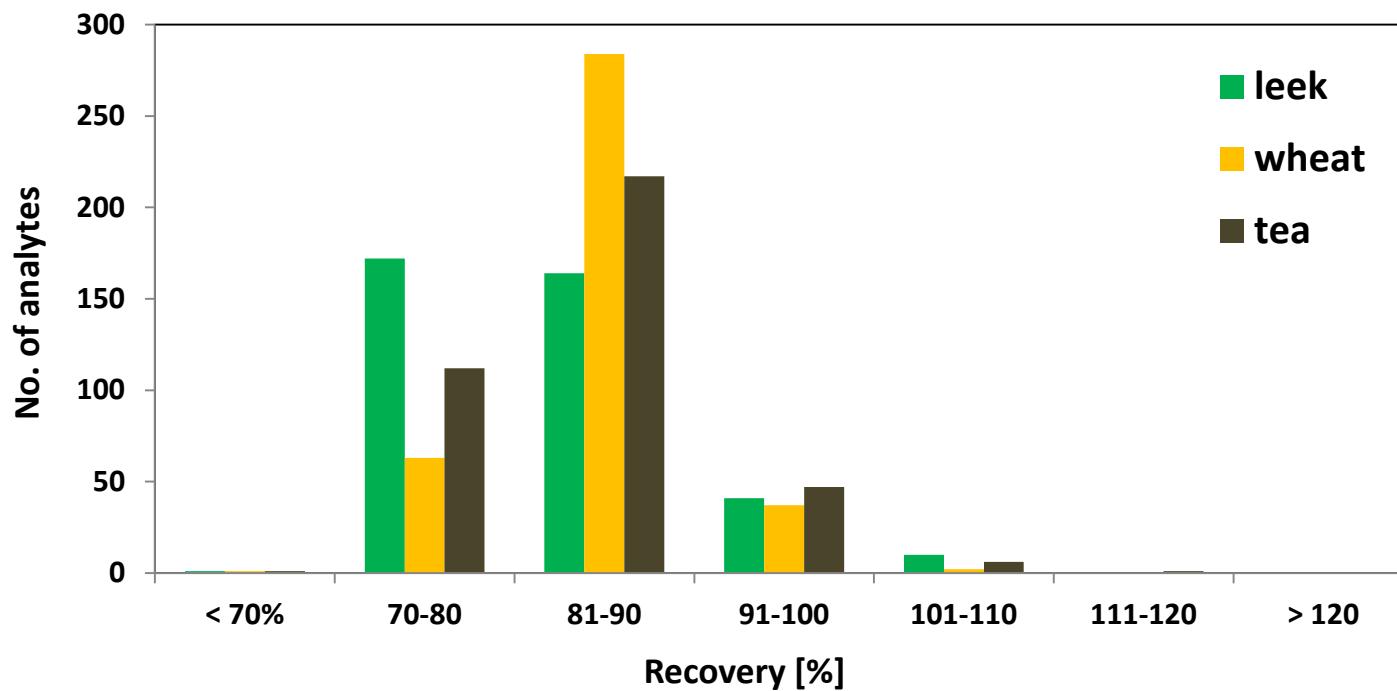


PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

■ Recovery:

Recoveries were in the range **70 – 120** for 99% of analytes.

The only exception – polar deoxynivalenol-3-glucoside (around 40%).



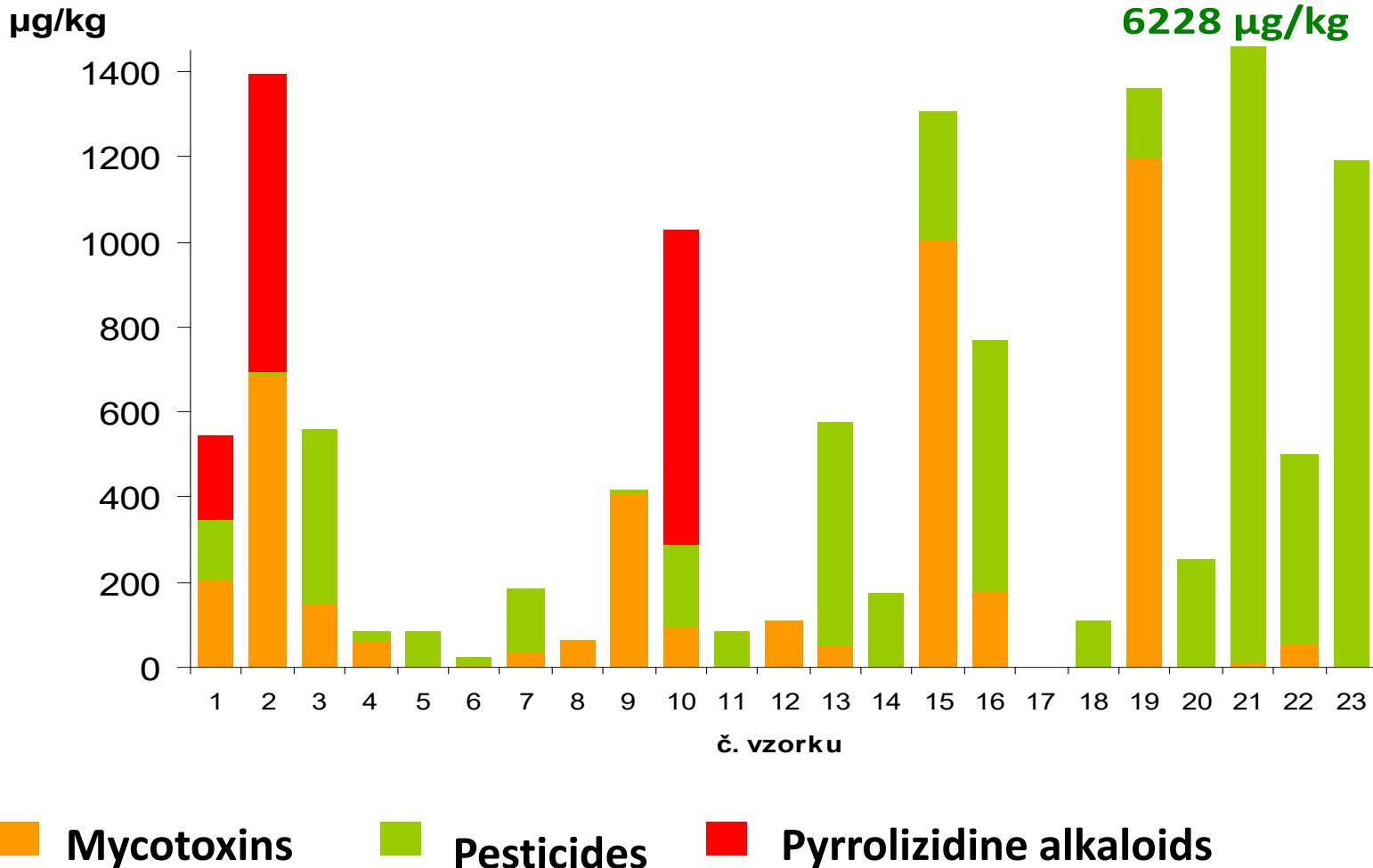
PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

■ Linearity, repeatability:

- 0.1 – 500 ng/mL 89% analytes
- 0.1 – 250 ng/mL 96% analytes
- 0.1 – 100 ng/mL 98% analytes

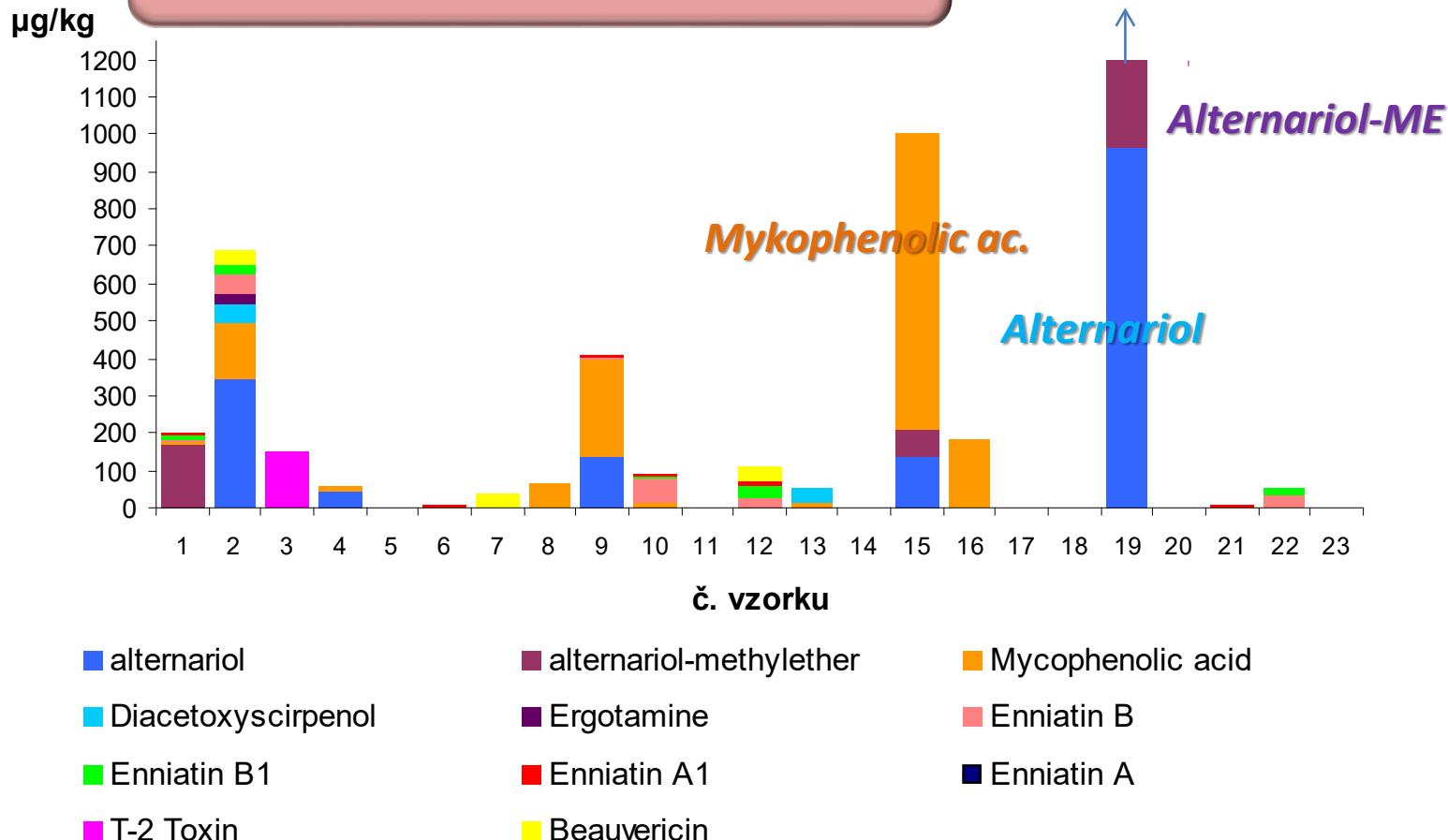
Matrix	R ²	RSD at LOQ [%]
tea	0.9880-0.9998	2.28-14.19
leek	0.9910-0.9999	0.56-13.73
wheat	0.9879-0.9999	0.25-9.38

Contamination of herbal tea samples

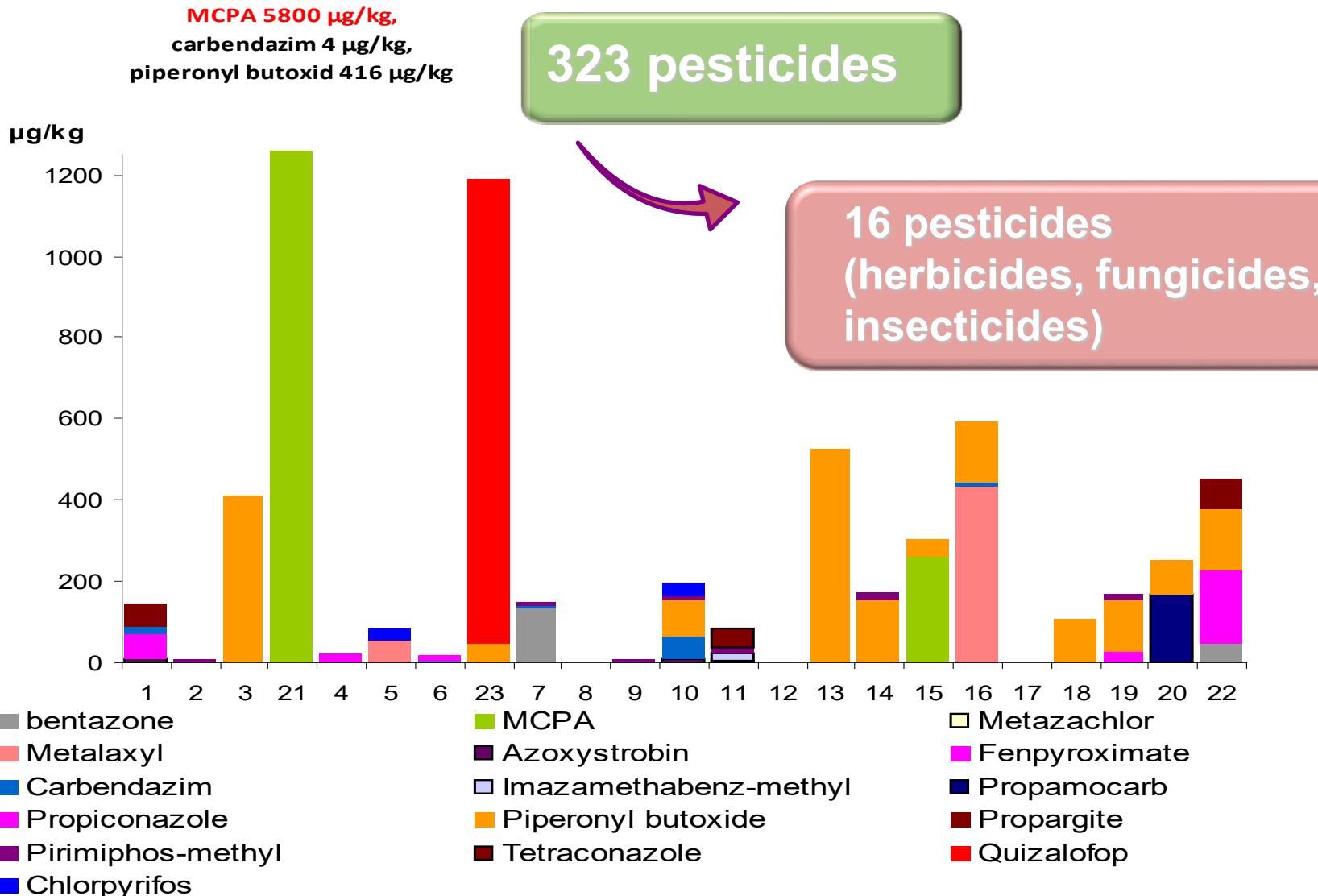


Mycotoxins

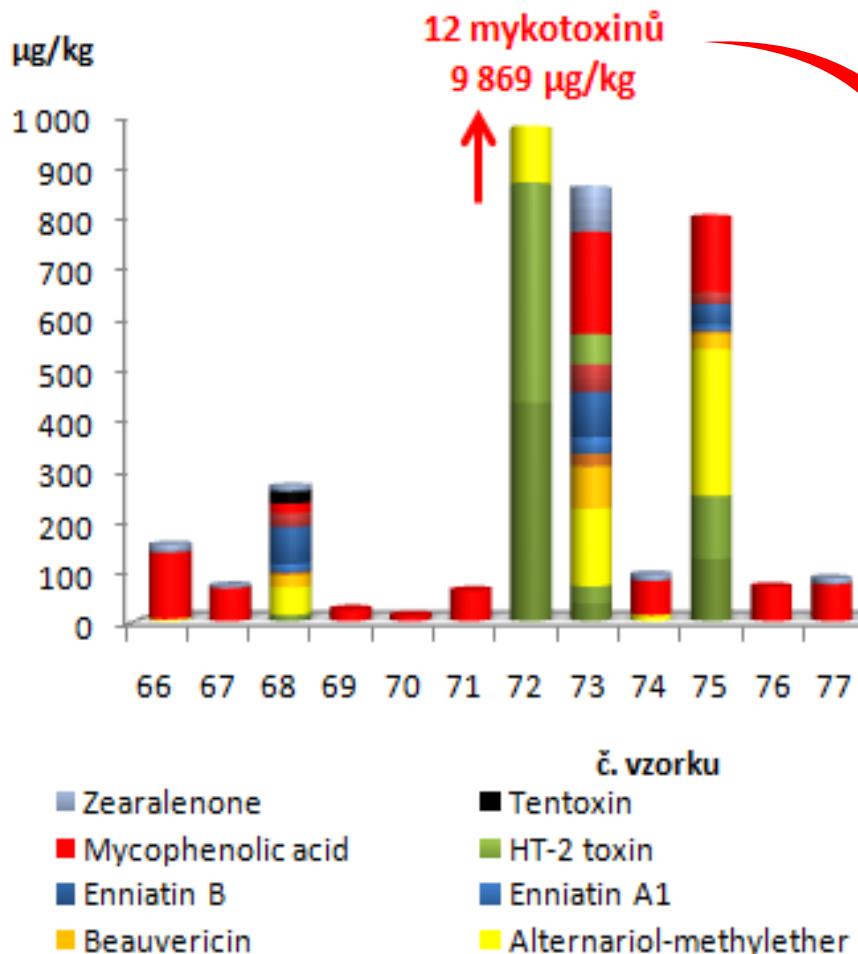
11 detected mycotoxins



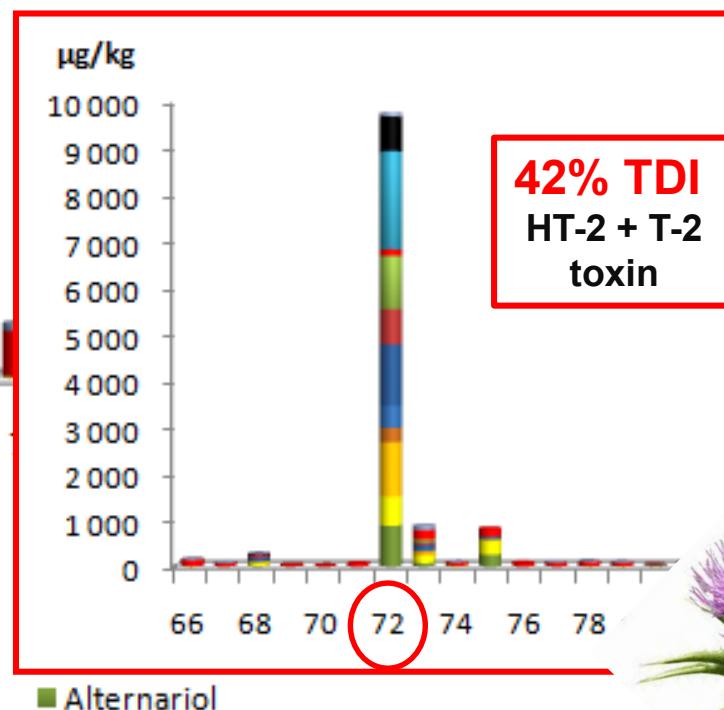
Pesticides



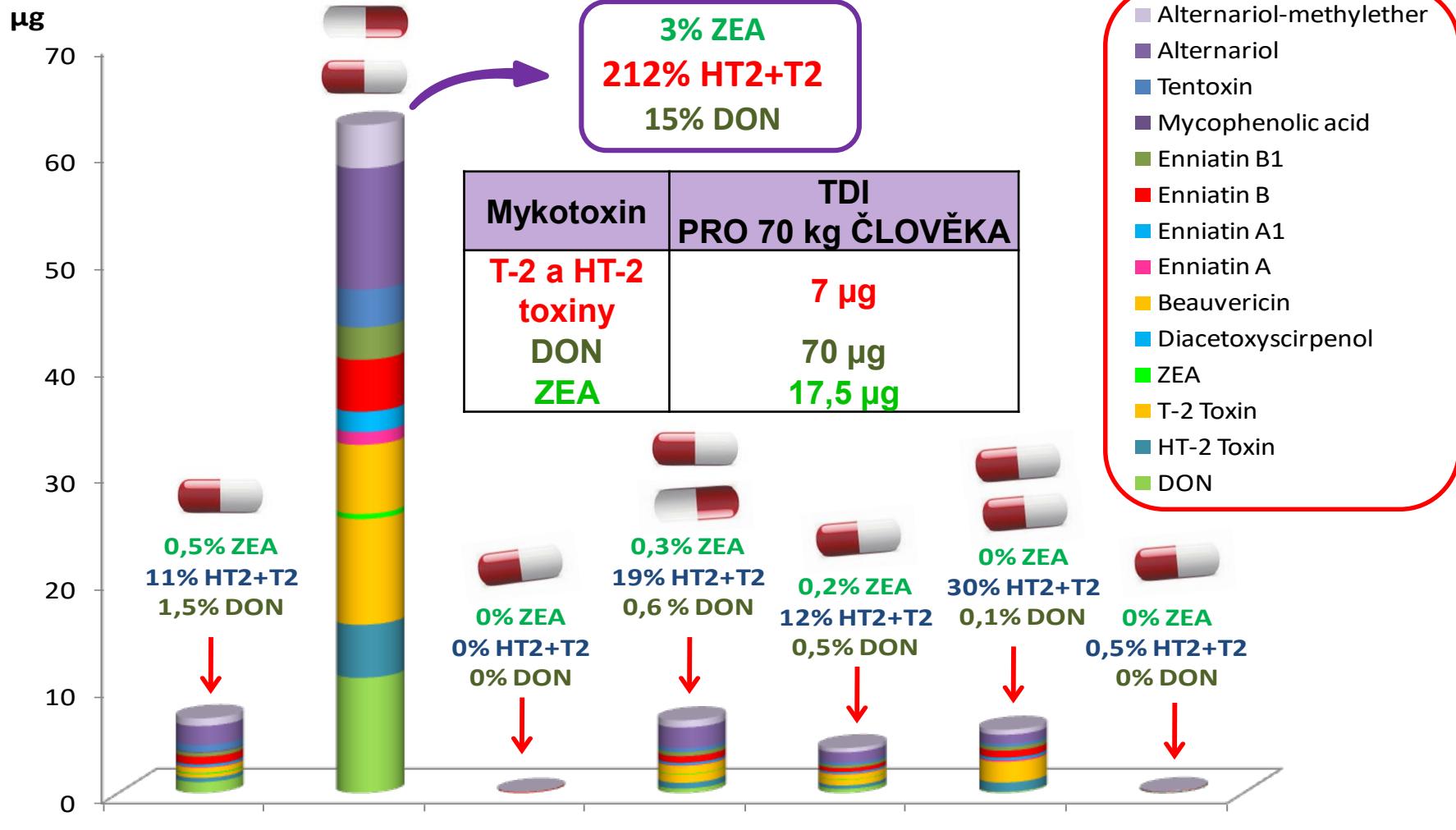
Mycotoxins in milk thistle-based dietary supplements



Mykotoxin	TDI 70 kg
T-2 a HT-2 ZEA	7 µg 17,5 µg



Mycotoxins in milk thistle-based dietary supplements fulfilling TDI (%)



Case study : **TARGET ANALYSIS** **of mycotoxins and pesticide residue in tea and spices collected at the Asian market**



Survey set-up

- Altogether, **420 samples** of different kinds of **tea** ($n = 120$) and **spices** ($n = 300$) collected at Asian market

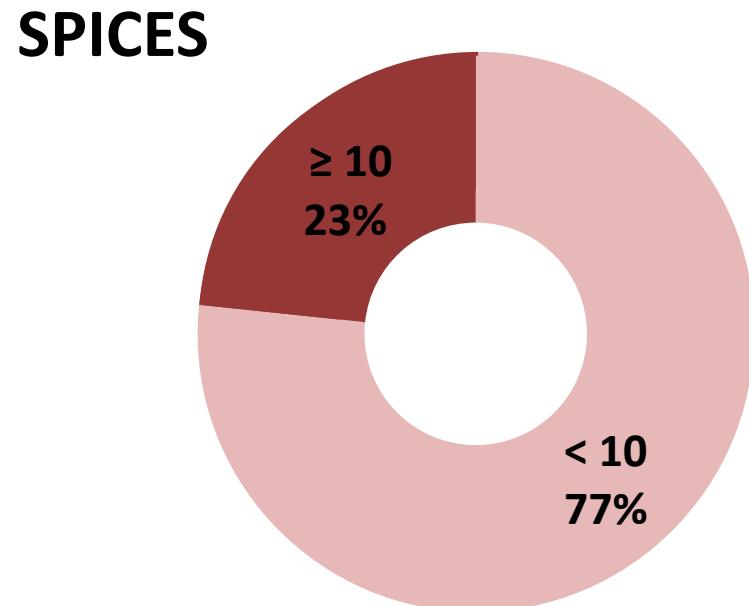
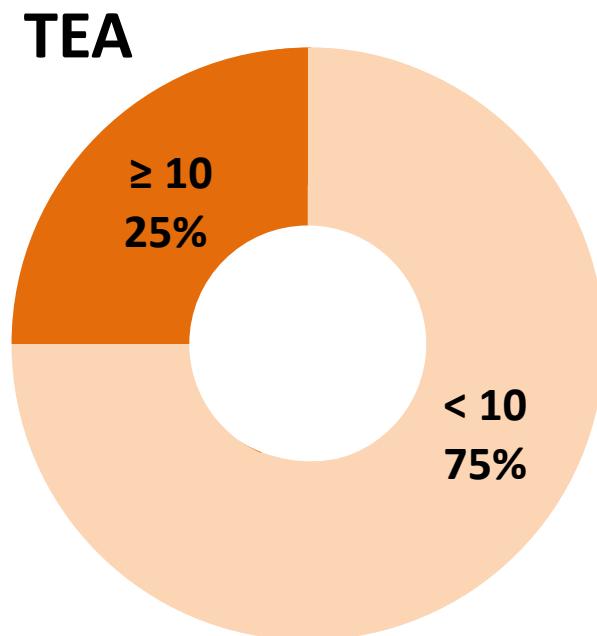
No	Matrix	n	Matrix type
1	Green tea	40	tea
2	Oolong tea	40	
3	Black tea	40	
4	Black pepper	30	spices
5	White pepper	30	
6	Cardamom	30	
7	Coriander seed	30	
8	Cinnamon	30	
9	Cumin	30	
10	Chilli powder	30	
11	Nutmeg	30	
12	Star anise	30	
13	Turmeric powder	30	

425 contaminants analyzed

- 357 pesticides
- 57 mycotoxins
- 11 pyrrolizidine alkaloids

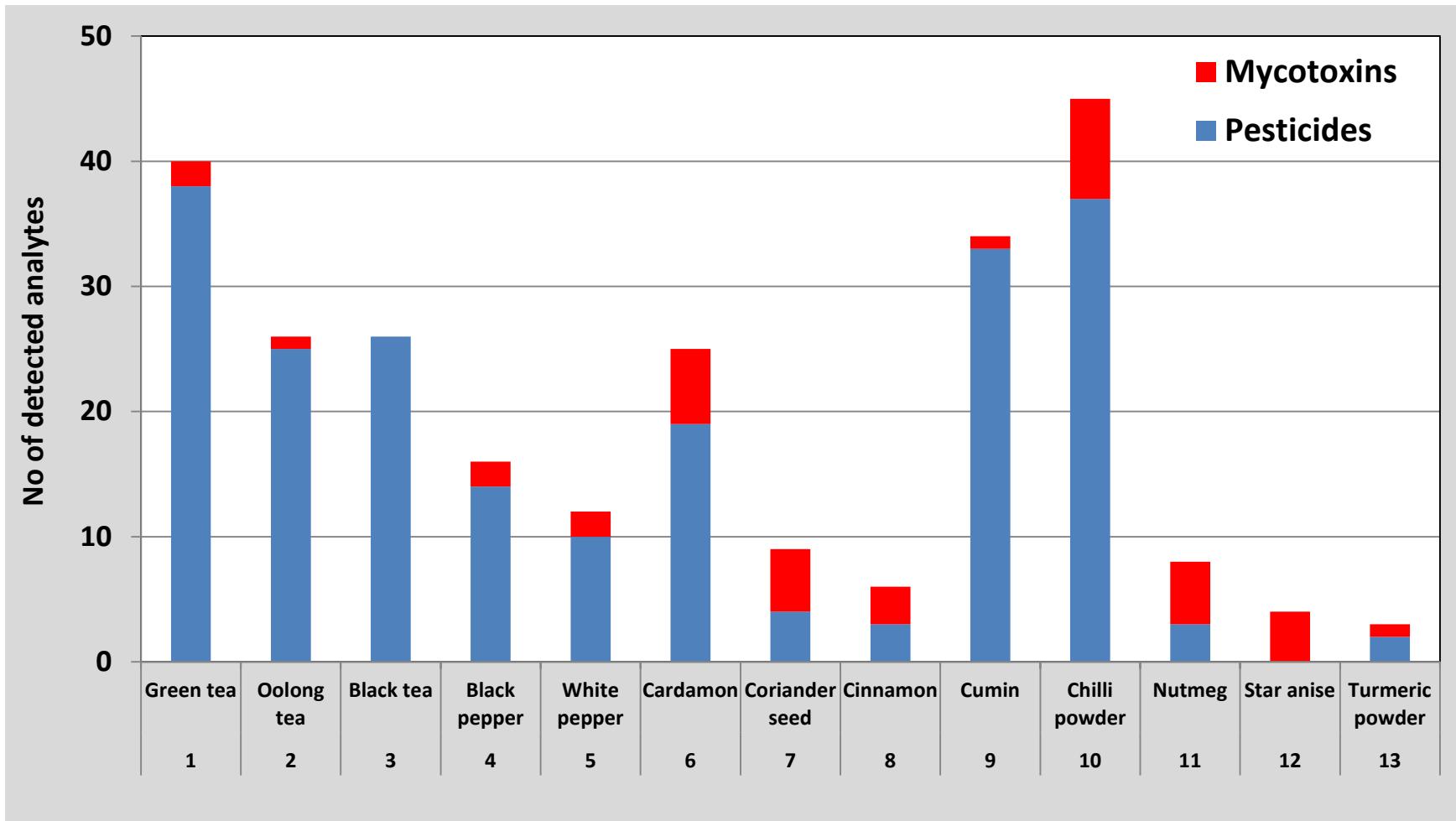
Co-occurrence of pesticide residues and mycotoxins in analyzed samples

- Only 6 % of samples showed no contamination (mainly turmeric)
- Frequent occurrence of multiple contaminants in the majority of samples



Results – summary (1)

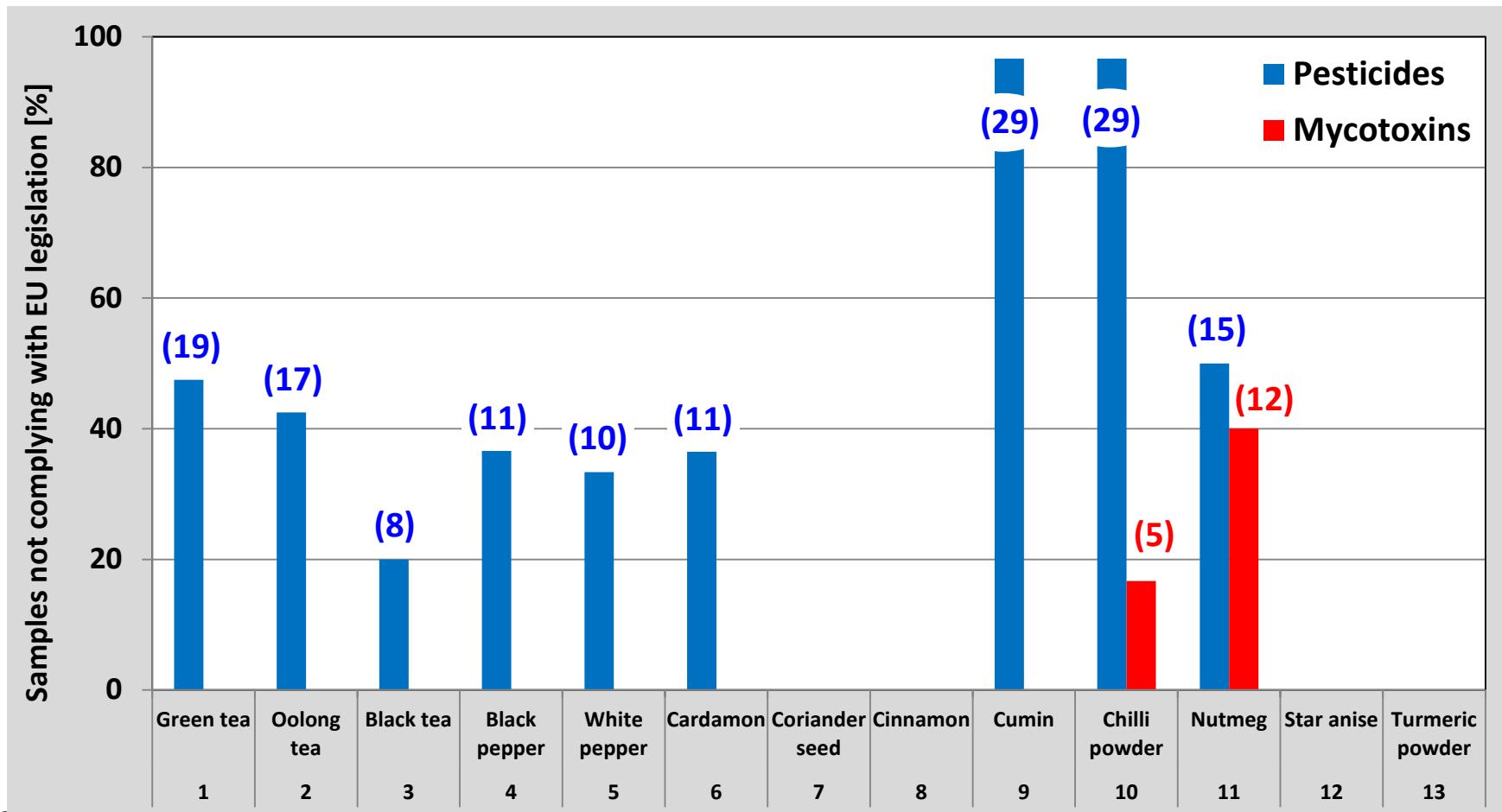
■ Number of detected analytes



Results – summary (2)

■ Percentage of samples **not** complying with EU legislation

(*number of samples in



Green tea (n = 40)

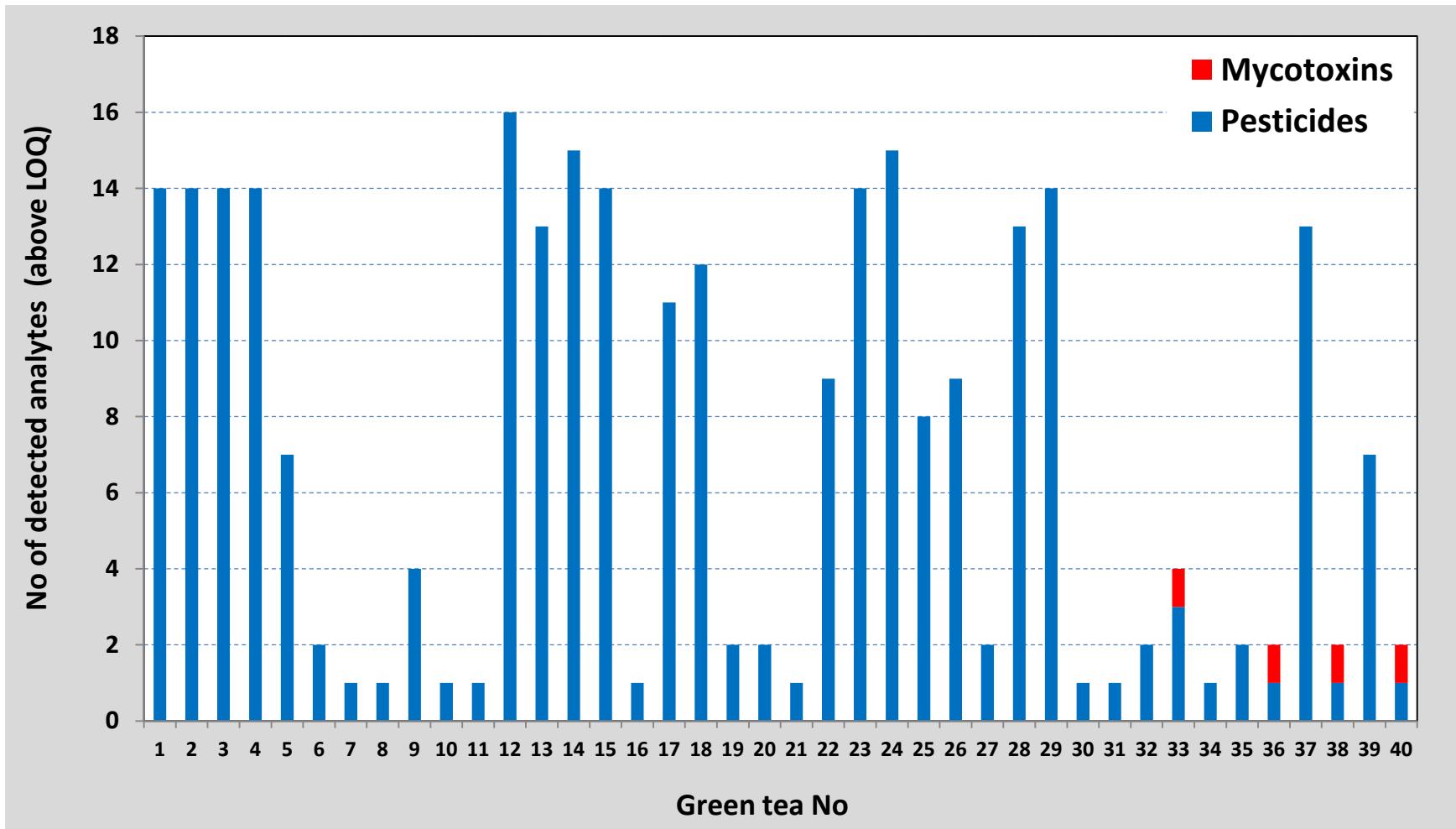


- In summary, **HIGH CONTAMINATION WITH PESTICIDE RESIDUES** was observed. High incidence of multi-contaminated samples.
- Detected analytes:
 - Pesticide residues 38
 - Mycotoxins 2
- All samples (n = 40) were positive at least for 1 analyte.
- 19 samples (48 %) would not comply with EU legislation:
 - Tebuconazole (14 samples), flubendiamid (11x), lufenuron (11 x), chlorantraniprole (9x), flonicamid (7x), acetamiprid (7x)...

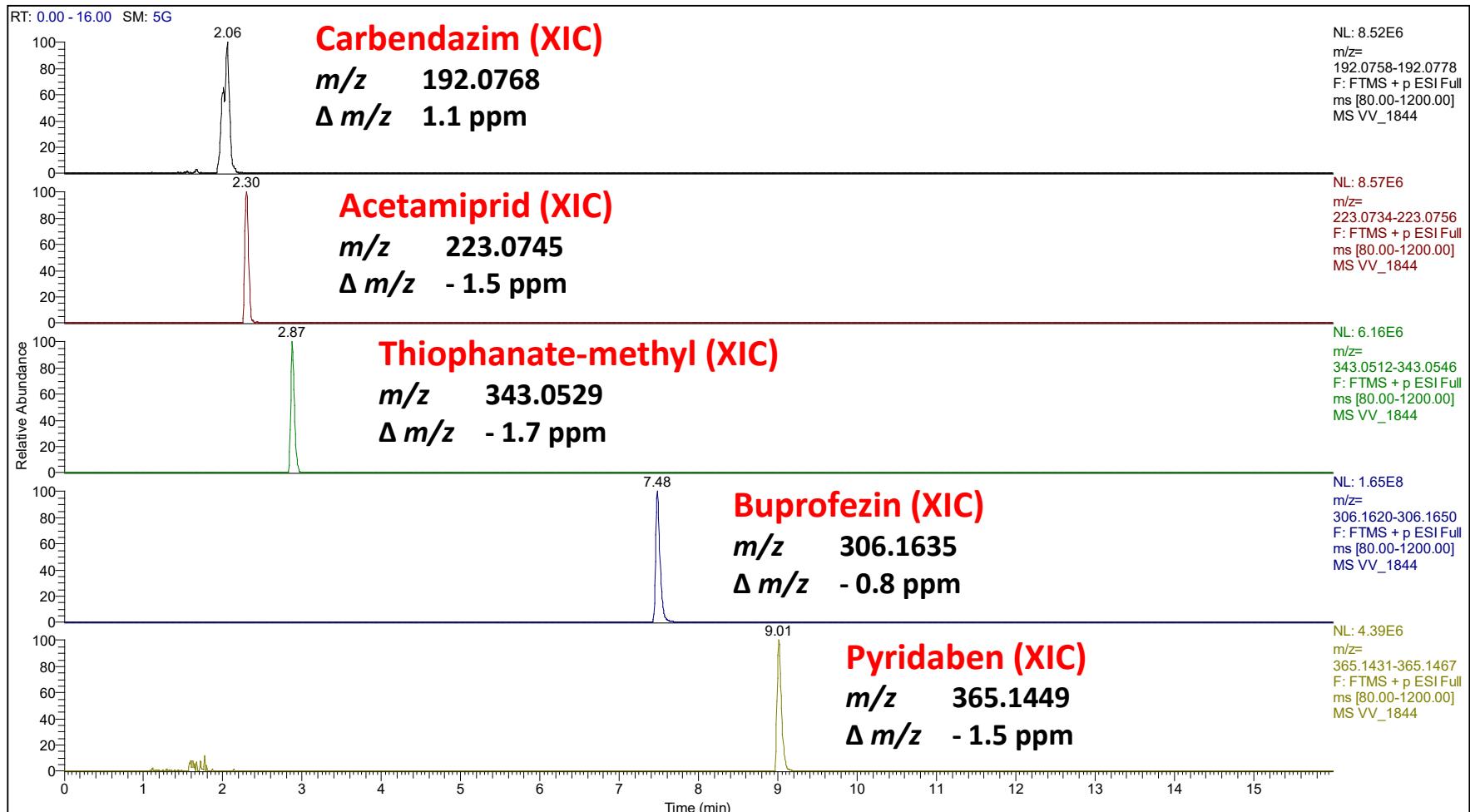
Green tea (n = 40)



- Number of detected analytes



Green tea – the example of LC-HRMS analysis of highly contaminated sample



Black tea (n = 40)

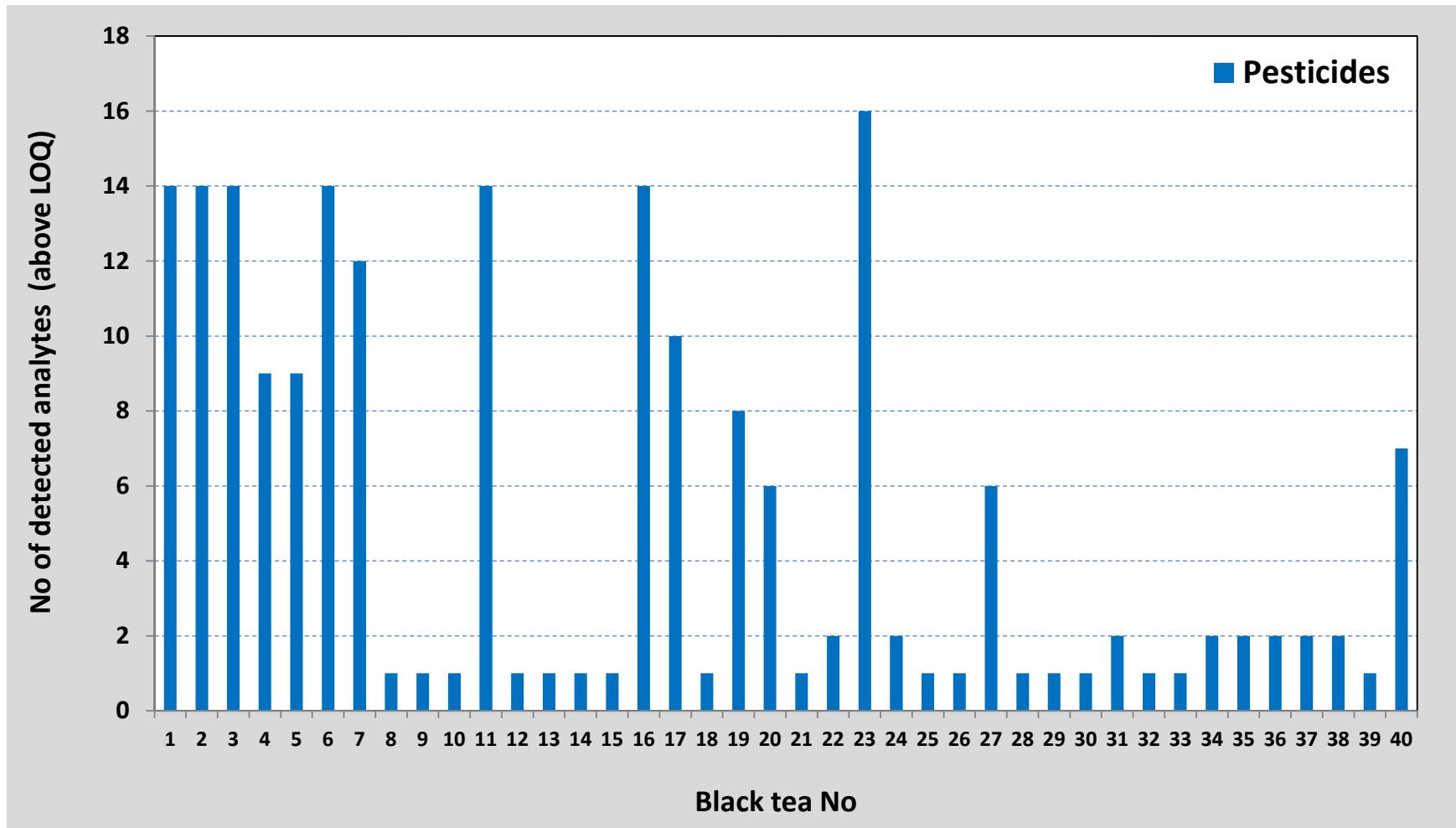


- **MODERATE/HIGH CONTAMINATION WITH PESTICIDE RESIDUES** was observed. High incidence of multi-contaminated samples.
- Detected analytes:
 - Pesticide residues 26
- All samples (n = 40) were positive at least for 1 analyte.
- 8 samples (20 %) would not comply with EU legislation:
 - Acetamiprid (7 samples), carbendazim (1x).

Black tea (n = 40)



- Number of detected analytes



Black pepper (n = 30)

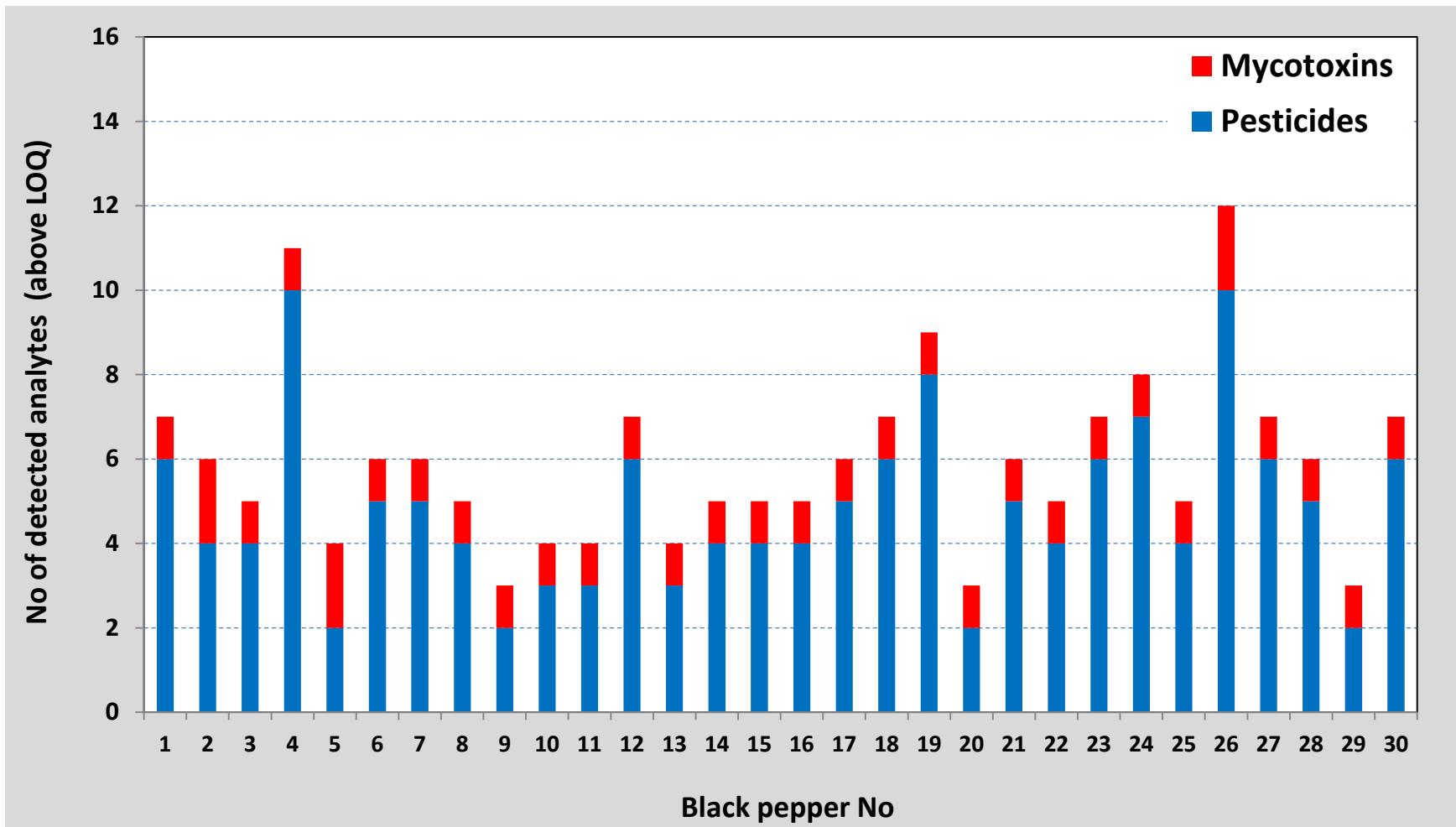


- **MODERATE/HIGHER CONTAMINATION WITH PESTICIDE RESIDUES** was observed. High incidence of multi-contaminated samples.
- Detected analytes:
 - Pesticide residues 14
 - Mycotoxins 2
- All samples (n = 30) were positive at least for 3 analytes.
- 11 samples (37 %) would not comply with EU legislation:
 - **Imidacloprid** (8 samples), **carbendazim** (4x), **propamocarb** (3x), **metalaxyl** (3x), **cypermethrin** (3x), **fipronyl** (3x)...

Black pepper (n = 30)



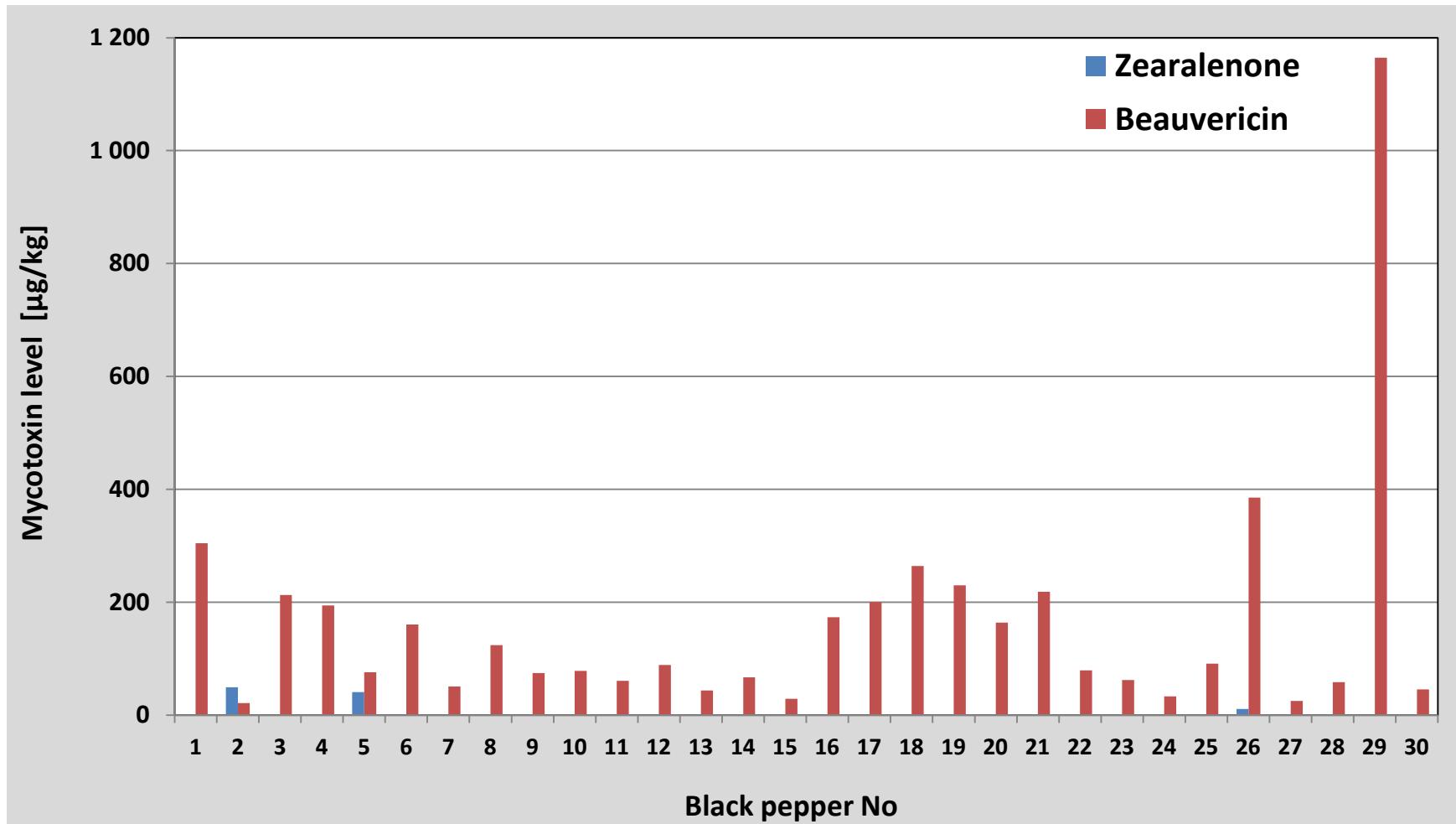
Number of detected analytes



Black pepper (n = 30)



- Detected mycotoxins [$\mu\text{g/kg}$]



Chilli powder (n = 30)

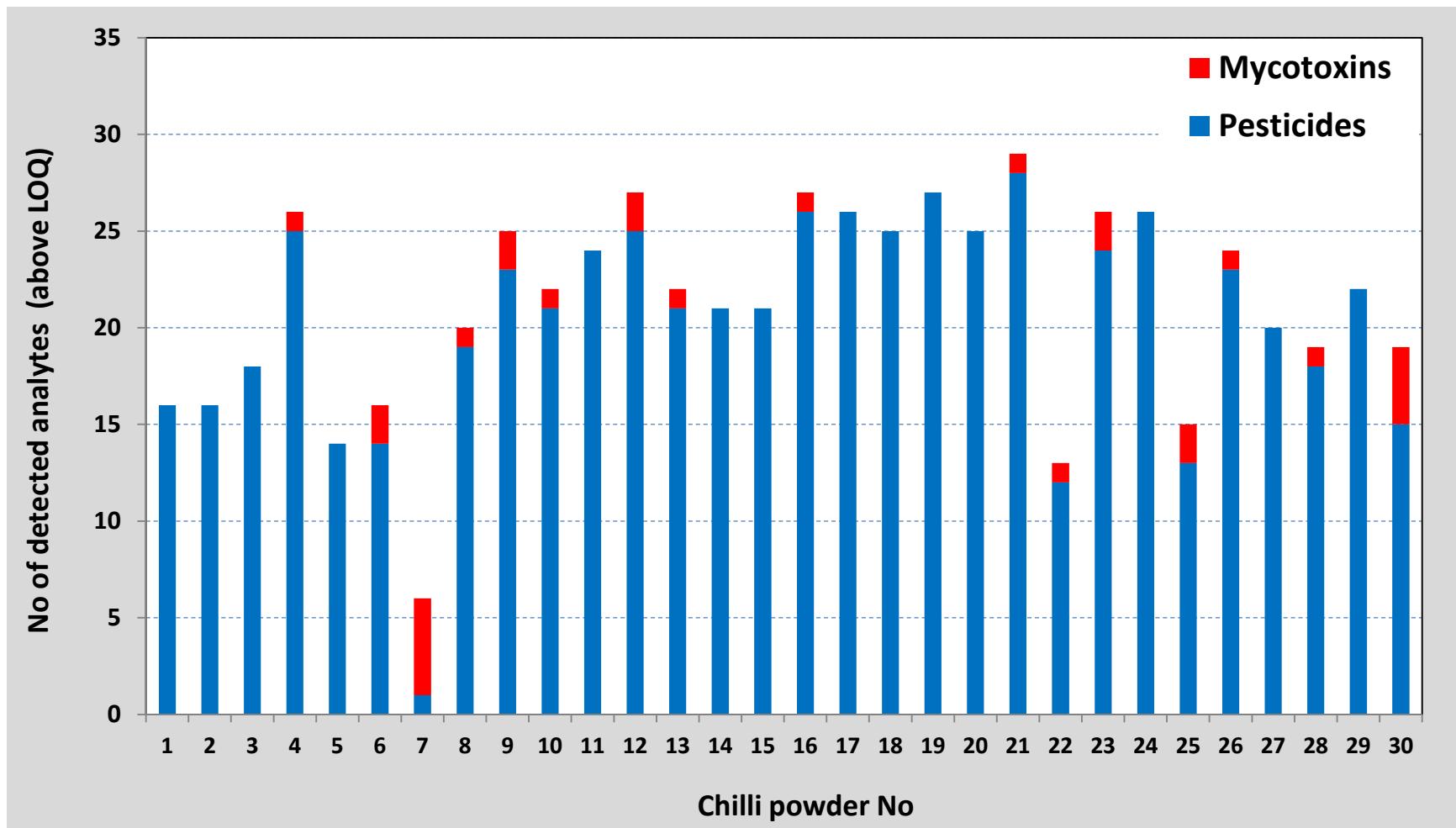


- **VERY HIGH CONTAMINATION WITH PESTICIDE RESIDUES** and also **MYCOTOXINS** was observed. High incidence of multi-contaminated samples.
- Detected analytes:
 - Pesticide residues 37
 - Mycotoxins 8
- All samples (n = 30) were positive at least for 6 analytes.
- 29 samples (97 %) would not comply with EU legislation:
 - Triazophos (25 samples), imidacloprid (22x), acetamiprid (19x), fipronyl (18x)...
 - Aflatoxin B1 (5 samples), ochratoxin A (1x)

Chilli powder (n = 30)



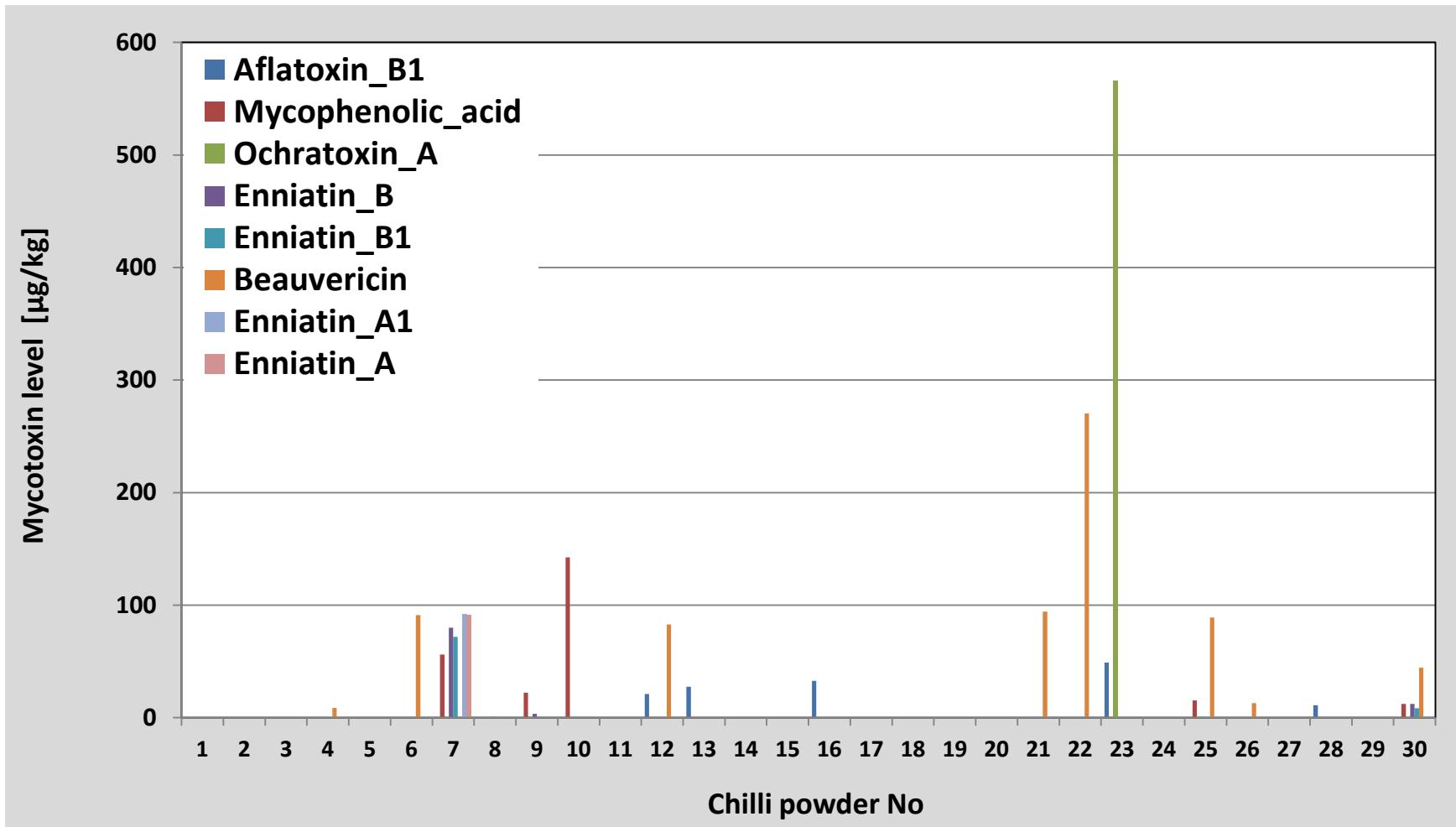
- Number of detected analytes



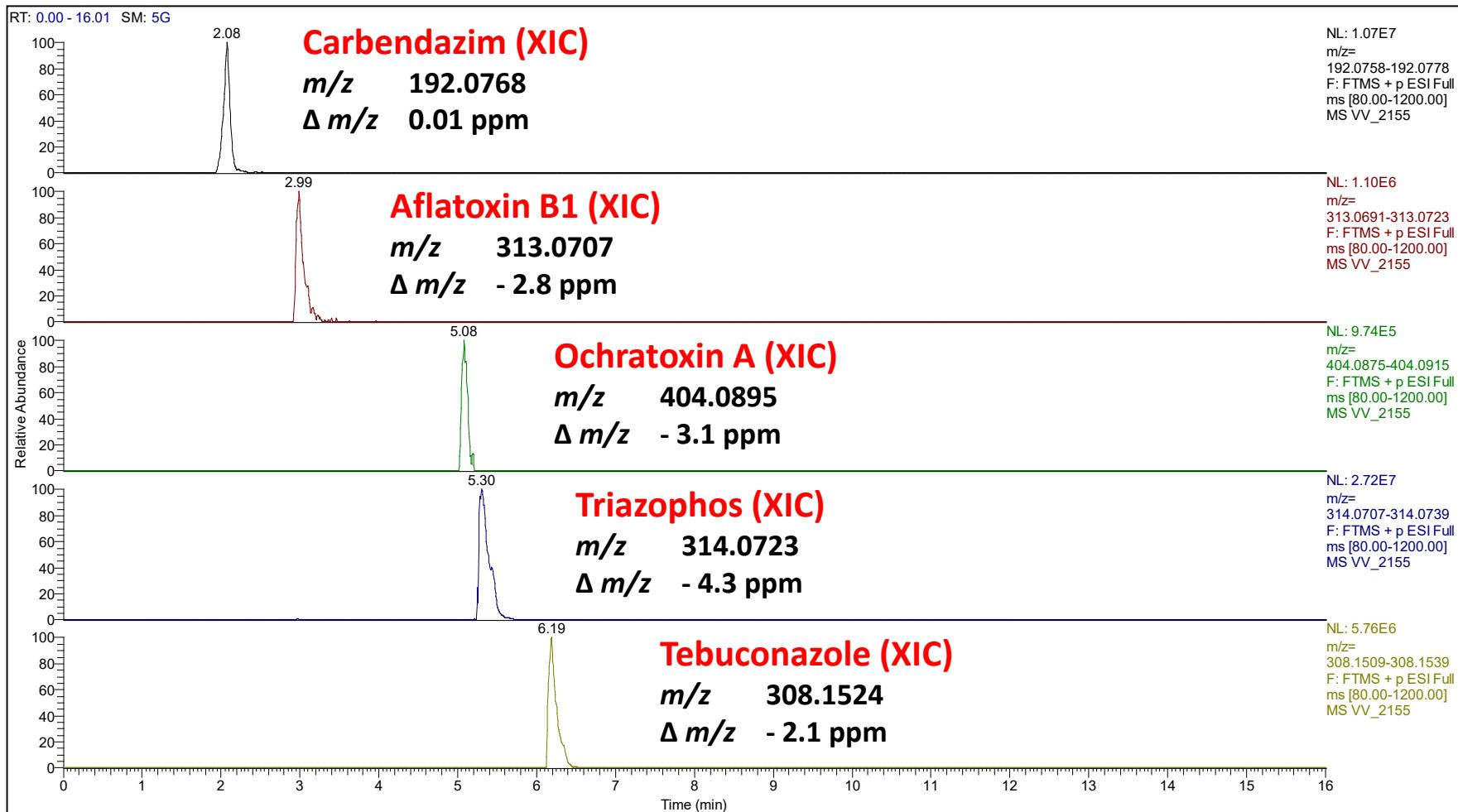
Chilli powder (n = 30)



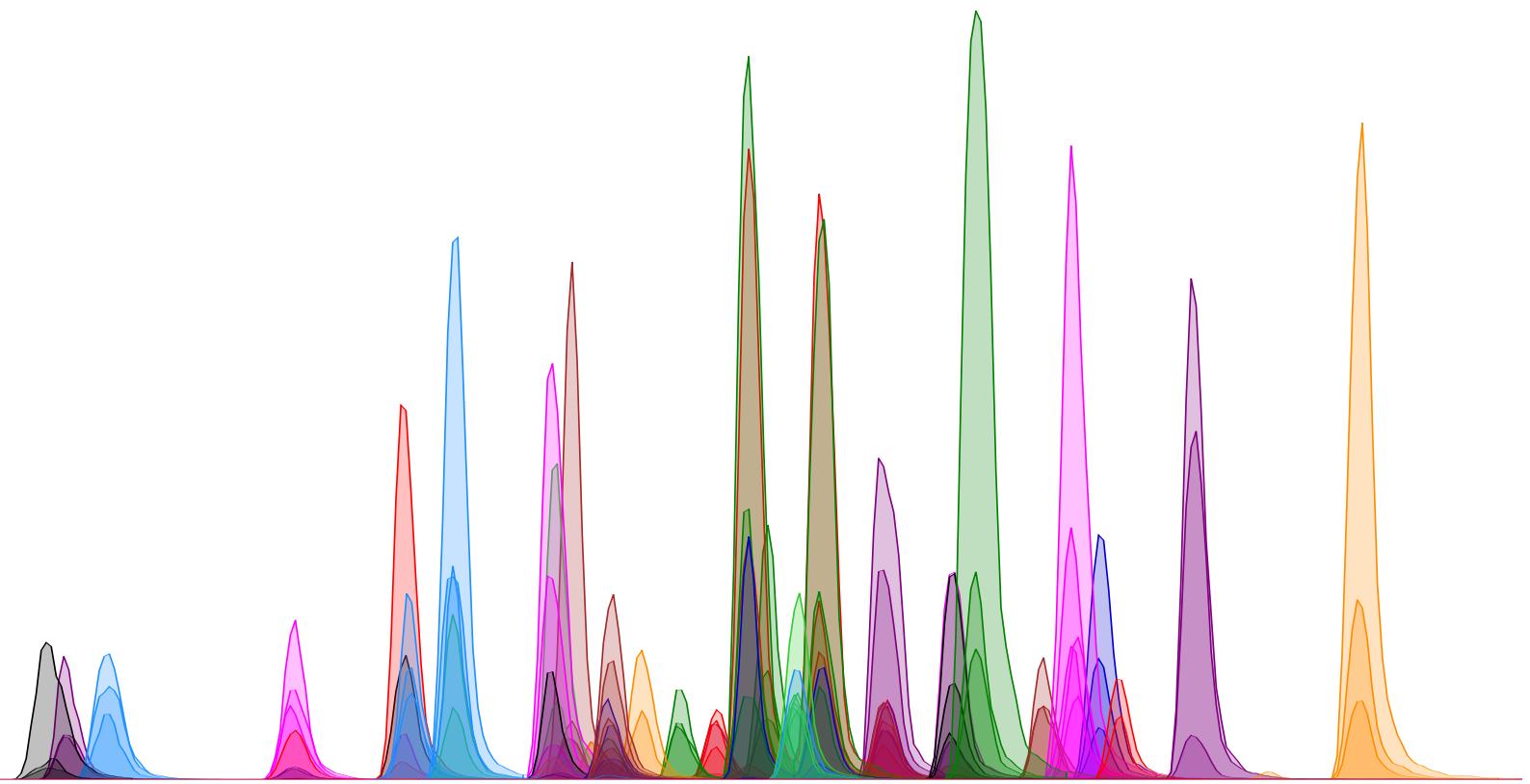
- Detected mycotoxins [$\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$]



Chilli powder – the example of LC-MS/MS analysis of highly contaminated sample



Thank you very much for your kind attention



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